

Dahlonega Nugget.

Good Advertising Medium.

VOL. X—NO. 7.

Devoted to Local, Mining and General Information.

DAHLONEGA, GA., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1899.

One Dollar Per Annum

W. B. TOWNSEND, Editor and Proprietor.

Baby's Coming

means pain, danger and possible death for some wives. For others it means practically no discomfort at all. There is no reason why childbirth should be a period of pain and dread. Several months before a woman becomes a mother she should prepare herself for the critical ordeal. It releases the muscles and relieves the tension. The name of this wonderful preparation is

Mother's Friend.

It is a medicine to be supplied naturally. It releases the muscles and relieves the tension. The name of this wonderful preparation is



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Georgia's Gold Fields.

There has been a great revival of interest in gold mining in Georgia. This may be something of a surprise to the general public, but to those who know anything of the gold interests in Georgia it is surprising that this revival has not taken place long ago. There is an idea prevalent that the gold fields in Georgia have been exhausted; but the truth is it is only lately that they have been fully explored and examined. The owners of gold lands in Georgia have not been employing brass bands to advertise their property; on the contrary they have been extremely cautious about giving out facts.

But the fact that there is a revival of interest in the matter is shown, first, by the fact that a large smelting establishment is to be built in Atlanta at which all grades of gold ore may be economically and profitably treated; and second, by the fact that a movement is on foot to bring the owners of gold lands and mines in touch with one another.

For that purpose a meeting of gold miners, operators and owners of gold lands in Georgia has been called for Saturday. The meeting is to be held in the Arlington hotel at Gainesville. Mr. George W. Sciple calls attention to it in another column. We regret that the movement was not brought to our notice a little earlier, so that a wider advertisement might have been given to it.

Those, however, who find it inconvenient to attend the present meeting may send their name to Mr. Otto C. Scopin, Auraria, Lumpkin county. These will be recorded and they will be communicated with later in regard to the aims and objects of the proposed miners' union.

This revival of interest in Georgia's gold fields shows that men of experience have abundant confidence in the outcome. It is whispered around among the knowing ones that at some time in the near future Georgia's production will astonish the world. Prospects who have pushed their explorations in all parts of the world declare that the gold fields of Georgia are richer than those of California were when gold was discovered there. Heretofore, only primitive methods have been employed by the majority of the workers, but there is to be a change; and those who understand the situation predict that results will be startling.—Atlanta Constitution.

Every sporting man ought to be in possession of the "Police Gazette Sporting Annual" for 1899. The current issue of this useful and valuable book makes his appearance in a handsomely illustrated vest pocket size, to sell for ten cents, but it contains only the most valuable records in all branches of sporting, professional and amateur running, walking, rowing, bicycling, baseball, yachting, swimming, etc., etc. The pugilistic records are as usual, complete. The records are conveniently arranged for reference purposes and should be invaluable to betting men and sporting experts.

For La Grippe.

Thomas Whitfield & Co., 240 Wabash av., corner Jackson-st., one of Chicago's oldest and most prominent druggists, recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for the grippe as it not only gives a prompt and complete relief, but also counteracts any tendency of the grippe to result in pneumonia. For sale by F. W. Hall M&S Co.

The Men for the Crisis.

The times upon which we have fallen, when four island kingdoms are about to become part and parcel of the United States, call for skilled, educated men. Men of brains, men of noble heart, of manly resolve, purpose and indomitable will. These are the demand for the times. Men of intellect, who have power of discernment, who can detect the true from the false. Men who can study the signs of the times, who can see whether as a nation we are drifting; and can devise plans that on their faces are seen to be means of safety. Men of heart are wanted, who can feel for the suffering and oppressed, the millions of toiling men and women, the laboring classes of our land, or the hands of oppressed ones now delivered from oppression, coming under the supervision of the National Government.

Men who love humanity, and because they love can labor for their welfare. Seeing in every one, white or black, home born or foreign, man or woman, even though such may be debased passion or crime, a brother or sister worth the effort of lifting up and saving. Sympathizing men are wanted, who not only speak a civil word to those who are unfortunate, but words of cheer and comfort; who will also lend a willing hand for their amelioration. Men are wanted with indomitable wills, with intellect and heart right for the good of humanity; not only planning for the public good, but with unflinching purpose carrying out their plans. We want not only men of conviction of what is needed, and sympathy of the needy, but men of determined resolution, pluck, courage, energy to baffle with every opposition in the carrying out of all wise and benevolent purposes. Says Sir Fowell Buxton: "The longer I live the more certain I am that the great difference between men, between the feeble and the powerful, the great and the insignificant, is energy, invincible determination. A purpose once fixed and then death or victory."

That qualification which do any thing that can be done in the world; and no talents, no circumstances, no opportunities, will make a two legged creature a man without it." Wherever such men are to be found, the country has need of them. They can step to the front. In our new possessions there is ample scope for them all.—Montville, Conn.

A small church was sadly in need of general repairs, and a meeting was being held in it with a view of raising funds for that purpose. The minister having said \$500 would be required, a very wealthy (and equally stingy) member of the congregation rose and said he would give one dollar.

Just as he sat down, however, a lump of plaster fell from the ceiling and hit him on the head, whereupon he rose up nastily and called out that he had made a mistake—he would give \$50. This was too much for an enthusiast present, who, forgetting of everything, called out fervently:

"O, Lord, hit him again!"—Ex.

It is reported that there are not less than 200 cases of small-pox in Jasper county, and that many have died from the disease. Madison authorities are investigating the matter in order to adopt a strong quarantine, if the report be true.

A Chicago newspaper says Secretary Alger may resign. It would be more plausible to surmise that he intends to run for president.

The Merchant Has the Horn.

A few days ago I heard a good one on a certain Broad street merchant. The funny part comes in because it is true. The merchant in question has a reputation for squeezing a dollar until the eagle screams, and he has many dollars with eagles on them. It happened like this: Two soldiers with but a single dime formed a combine and resolved to raise a stake. Financial embarrassment stared them in the face. A tin horn was purchased a consultation followed. Soldier No. 1 sallied forth. He stepped in the store of the merchant and politely asked permission to leave his horn for a few minutes. The permission was cheerfully granted. The soldier left. Five minutes later soldier No. 2 entered. He wanted to buy a horn. The merchant had none for sale. He was sorry; so was the soldier. He started a horn bad. The soldier started out. He spied the horn. He offered 50c for it. No go, one dollar, same result, two dollars, impossible. Three, five, seven and finally ten dollars was offered. Still the merchant refused. It didn't belong to him. The soldier left. He would return in half an hour and he wanted that horn. Soldier No. 1 returns. He asks for his horn. It is given him. The soldier starts out. The merchant stops him. A bargain is reached. The merchant buys the horn. The soldier makes \$8.90 by the transaction. He departs. Soldier No. 2 "forgets" to return in half an hour. He is passing along the street. The merchant spies him.

"I say, mine friend, I say got dat horn now."

"Go and blow it, then," said the soldier, and he passed on up the street.

The merchant has the horn. You can buy it for a dime. Christmas is over, and tin horns are bad stock.—Athens Banner.

Home Paper.

John Kelly, in Chicago Herald: The man who does not take "home" paper, provided he was reared in the country, does not know what real enjoyment he misses. The news I get out of one issue is worth more than the yearly subscription. I devour every line of the local gossip and neighborhood correspondence, and when I lay the paper aside I praise the country editor for giving me this privilege. Letters from home are very welcome, but one doesn't get as much news in a hundred letters as he does in one issue of his home paper. And letters are so uncertain, you sometimes have to wait six months for a reply to your last one. But if you are a subscriber to the country paper, it comes to you regularly every week, rain or shine. You may be a little in arrears, but the country editor sends the paper along with the hope that you will some day settle up the matter. To the man who cannot visit his old home every year or two, the weekly perusal of his home paper is almost as good a trip to boyhood scenes.

Dangers of The Grip.

The greatest danger from La Grippe is of its resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken all danger will be avoided. Among the tens or thousands who have used this remedy for the grippe we have yet to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia which shows conclusively that this remedy is a certain preventive of that dangerous disease. It will cure the grippe in less time than any other treatment. It is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by F. W. Hall M&S Co.

A Subject for Prayer.

A minister was once preaching in a church where the singing was led by a precentor. The hymn, "I love to steal awhile away," was announced. The chorister tried a tune, but when he got as far as "I love to steal," found out that the meter would not suit. Then he tried another, but stuck when he got as far as "I love to steal." Being of a persevering nature, he tried the third time, but with no greater success. The minister then arose, and with something of a smile said, "Dear friends, the fact is very much to be regretted. Let us pray."—Cumberland Presbyterian.

A Backslider.

A minister's little girl and her playmate were talking about serious things. "Do you know what a backslider is?" the former questioned.

"Yes; it's a person that used to be a Christian and isn't," said the playmate promptly.

"But what do you s'pose makes them call them backsliders?"

"Oh, that's easy. You see, when people are good, they go to church and sit up in front. When they get a little tired of being good, they slide back a seat, and keep on sliding till they get clear back to the door. After awhile they slide clear out and never come to church at all."

Day after day we get reports that there is no change in the senatorial deadlock in this or that state. The legislatures meet, ballot, again, and adjourn, without having turned a single vote. Time is wasted and patience taxed. In some instances the deadlock results in revolting scenes bordering on bloodshed and ruffianism. On every occasion of such election the same thing is reported, and instead of the difficulties diminishing they seem to be growing worse. But certainly there will be an end to it all. A remedy is bound to be found. Whether it will be in changing the system so that our senators will be elected by direct vote of the people is yet to be determined.—Macon Telegraph.

No more dangerous condition of life could be imagined than a life of idleness, of luxury, of self-indulgence, of ostentation, of flattery and falsehood—the life that is called "society." It is the very worst training for self-reliance or for the development of any of the better and nobler traits of human nature. It cannot fail to check aspiration and endeavor and to weaken every element for real character. Its natural influence is to impair the moral as well as the social preceptions.—N. Y. World.

The Barnesville Gazette, says the South is gradually learning to keep its own money at home, and get money from other sections. This is suggested by the report that Georgia cane syrup is growing in demand at the North.

When a young man embraces a girl he shows his love for her in a round about way.

An Honest Medicine for La Grippe.

George W. Wait of South Gardner, Me., says: "I have had the worst cough, cold, chills and grip and have taken lots of trash of no account but profit to the vendor, Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the only thing that has done any good whatever. I have used one 50-cent bottle and the chills, cold and grip have all left me. I congratulate the manufacturers of a honest medicine." For sale by F. W. Hall M&S Co.

Attorney at Law,

Dahlonega, Ga.
General practice in all the Courts. Special attention to Corporation, Mining Law and Abstracts of Titles. Prompt attention to collections. Oct. 21 '98.

Dr. H. C. WHEELER,

Physician & Surgeon,

Dahlonega, Ga.

R. H. BAKER,

Attorney at Law,

Dahlonega, Ga.

All legal business promptly attended to.

R. M. BRISTON,

Attorney at Law,

Dahlonega, Ga.

OFFICE WITH PRICE & CHARTERS,

Special attention given to collections.

All legal business attended to promptly.

Jan 13 '99.

\$100 REWARD

FOR ANY

SEWING

MACHINE,

ORGAN,

PIANO,

WATCH or CLOCK

That I cannot repair

in first class style.

I have had 20 years experience in the business and if you will give me a trial you will be convinced that I know what business. If you will notify me by mail of any repairs you want done I will have my agent to call on you and give you an estimate of the repairs free of charge. A nice line of

WATCHES, CLOCKS,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

SPECTACLES,

JEWELRY, ETC.,

kept in stock. Thanking you for past favors and I solicit your patronage in the future.

Respectfully,

G. H. McGUIRE,

DEALER IN ALL THE ABOVE.

Brown's Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

It is the only medicine that will keep the liver in perfect order. If the liver is not kept in good order, the blood is impure and the system is diseased. Brown's Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

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HALL HOUSE,

Dahlonega, Ga.

J. F. CASTLEBERRY, Proprietor.

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Rates: \$2.00 per week, \$7.00 per week, \$25.00 per month. HOT and COLD BATHS.

THE NUGGET.

LAHON-CA, GA., FEB. 3, '99.
Entered at the Dahlonega, Ga., P. O.
as Second Class Matter.

The Cubans still demand pay from Uncle Sam.

Americans pay \$8,000,000 a year for looking glasses.

Gen. Grant's son at Sacramento, Cal., is charged within attempting bribery.

The estimates place the cotton yield for 1898 upward of 11,000,000 bales.

About 2000 acres of cedars are cut down every year in order to make wood cases for lead pencils.

The tax books in Hall county have not closed yet for 1898, but are advertised to do so by the 7th of this month.

The Lucy Cobb Institute at Athens was leyed on the other day under a recent act of the legislature for taxes for 1898.

Paul D. Witt was caught robbing the mail in the office of the Western Union Telegraph Co. the other day. The affair has caused much sorrow in that city.

Former Attorney-General A. H. Garland, was stricken with apoplexy at Washington, City the other day, while addressing the Supreme Court and died within ten minutes.

A telegram to Sundays Constitution from the town of Gainesville stated that the snow was four inches deep in Dahlonega. This will be news to our Dahlonega people.

Commissioner of Agriculture Stevens gives the farmers this piece of good advice: "Never go to town with an empty wagon, but always carry something to sell if only a load of wood."

It won't even pan out to try to break into a jail. Judge Estes fined Bob Peeler and Charlie Collins \$10 each last week for Hall county for this offense or spend three months in the chain gang.

It is understood that President McKinley has arranged for the Cuban soldiers to receive three millions of dollars. Why should the people of the United States be "taxed to death" to help others? Charity should begin at home.

A newspaper compilation of railway accidents in the United States during 1898 states that the number of lives lost from these causes was 3400, as compared with 2764 in 1897, and that the number of seriously injured was 2616, as against 2428 in the previous year.

Iron ore will soon be shipped from Blue Ridge to Middleboro to the Watts Steel and Iron Co. in that city. The company wants about 25 car loads daily. If Dahlonega had a railroad she could ship as much of this ore as the company needed without any trouble.

Bro. Craig, of the Eagle, in copying our recent article in reference to Sheriff Davis' cow giving milk for the last six years except during winter, headed it "What a Lyre! We do not know which he means to be the harp—the cow, the editor or the owner. He must mean the cow, for there is certainly music in the two gallon tin bucket when a stream of milk begins to strike it about the size of a man's little finger during the summer."

Our friend Thomas M. Bell is hot under the collar and writes a lengthy article in last week's Eagle in condemnation of the actions of Commissioner Stephens because he failed to appoint a Hall county as fertilizer inspector. Does the people of Gainesville or Hall county man expect to get all of the fat offices? Some of them are hard to satisfy. From present indications it will take the removal of the capitol to Gainesville to please them, and then they would grumble unless they had the experimental farm and other state institution—all except the asylum.

Says Dahlonega Must Have a Railroad.

L. A. Warner, who has recently visited Dahlonega has this to say about the necessity of us having a railroad built to this place, whose letter appears in the O'hattanoga News of the 28th ult., as follows:

"The above trip from Chattanooga to Dahlonega and return, going via Gainesville and returning by way of Ball Ground, covered a period of four days, and it was only by the most persistent pushing over bad roads that it was accomplished in this time. As has been stated, the town of Dahlonega on a straight line, is but about eight miles from Chattanooga; and yet to get there, we were obliged to travel 230 miles. This brought strongly to our minds the idea that a railroad from Chattanooga to Dahlonega would be one of the most profitable things for the people of Chattanooga to advocate at the present time. It would penetrate eighty miles of undeveloped country, rich in timber, gold and iron ore, iron pyrites, etc., and open a new market for the coal of the Chattanooga district where, at present, mills are operated by water power or steam generated by wood, because they cannot obtain cheap coal. Such a railroad would enter the county seat of Lumpkin county, Ga., where one of the state colleges is attended by over 200 students, and there clearly ought to be no doubt that, if railroads anywhere are profitable investments, the one from Chattanooga to Dahlonega would certainly prove a bonanza. There are indications that the tide of gold-seekers which has already started toward North Georgia will soon force the construction of a railroad into Dahlonega, either from Atlanta or Chattanooga. The city that is responsible for such a road being built will reap the reward. Grapple Creek, Col., was backed by Colorado Springs, and the wealth of Grapple Creek now flows into the Colorado Spring banks. The gold of Dahlonega is about to be crushed out of its native bed and some place outside of Dahlonega will reap a large share of its profits. Will it be Chattanooga or Atlanta?"

Dave Shoemaker, the Hall county murderer, goes to the penitentiary for life.

A Lowndes county man has made \$800 from a twenty acre grass patch.

Senator Butler Sticks to His Colors.

One day last week Mr. Butler of North Carolina offered his amendment providing for the payment of pensions to Confederate as well as to Union soldiers. He delivered a speech in support of it.

Mr. Butler's speech developed, as he proceeded, into quite a remarkable utterance. After presenting an analysis of the compact of 1787, he declared that "not a single Southern soldier was a rebel or a traitor." He maintained that the great fratricidal conflict was forced upon the South, and that the people of the South simply defended their personal and constitutional rights. Under the compact of 1787, the Southern states undoubtedly, in Mr. Butler's opinion, had a right to withdraw from the Union. He was inclined to think the compact was not right, but it was a compact and ought to have been respected. Mr. Butler said that his own state of North Carolina fully and completely recognized the right of South Carolina to withdraw from the Union, but decided herself not to withdraw. It was not until forced to defend herself did North Carolina vote to withdraw, together with her sister Southern states. This, Mr. Butler said, was true of a majority of the Southern states. They had been forced by the Northern states to take up arms in self-defense. "Every gun fired by a Southern soldier," declared Mr. Butler, "was fired in self-defense of the constitutional rights of the Southern states and in defense of his home and fireside."

Do You Want Consumption?

We are sure you do not. Nobody wants it. But it comes to many thousands every year. It comes to those who have had coughs and colds until the throat is raw, and the lining membranes of the lungs are inflamed. Stop your cough when it first appears, and you remove the great danger of future trouble.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

stops coughs of all kinds. It does so because it is a soothing and healing remedy of great power. This makes it the greatest preventive to consumption.

Put one of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plasters over your lungs

A whole Medical Library Free.

For four cents in stamps toward postage, we will send you a whole medical library.

Medical Advice Free.

We have the exclusive services of some of the most eminent physicians in the United States. Consultations and full experience sent free to you for giving your medical advice. Write freely all the particulars in your case. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost.

Address, J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

Stock Law Election.

Last Saturday Judge Tate ordered a stock law election in this district to be held on the 15th day of February. As stated before the records didn't show that fifteen free holders residing within the district had signed it. We heard Col. Allen, who we are informed, favors the stock law, after examining the list of petitioners, advise them to get up another petition, saying in the presence of Judge Tate that it would be best to start out right on this matter. Some of the friends of the movement secured another blank petition but after making poor speed in getting up the required number returned to the ordinary and informed him that Dick said that Tom said that somebody had told Tony that one of the first signers owned a lot of land donated to him by his daddy. At the same time persuading minister Taylor Dowdy to let his name remain on the first petition just as some one had written it for him. So this is the foundation our ordinary is working from, who says that he does not expect to vote in the election on account of having said so much against the stock law some years ago. Judge Tate is like the old woman is by kissing all her grand children when they come to see her. She tries to make it appear that she loves one just as much as another, but when it comes to hugging them she will squeeze her favorite the longest and the tightest. It is the same way in Judge Tate's case. He will squeeze a stock law man the most. Every cut off which he has granted leans in the stock law direction. Now, as to preacher Dowdy's actions it may be that he wishes to shorten his ministerial work who is certainly making a move in that direction. All preachers and praying men who favor the stock law and prefer the milk and butter taken away from the mouths of little children and poor people, can now leave that part off their prayer when coming to "Lord, bless the widow and the orphan and the needy and the distressed."

The opposers of the stock law raised no objections to the proceedings but will act at the proper time.

Later, Mr. Dowdy told us last Monday that he did not tell them to let his name remain on the petition, but said that he told the ordinary to let it remain off—it having been crossed out.

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Further along Mr. Butler said, speaking of the war of the rebellion:

"It was a most unnecessary war. The Southern states did not desire the war. They asked only to be allowed to exercise their constitutional rights and withdraw peacefully from the Union. The South was right and history will so record. The South knew she was right at the time and she knows it now. It is the duty of the Southern people not to permit a prejudiced historian to brand their fathers and brothers as rebels and traitors."

He believed that the states where soldiers were being pensioned would not object to the pensioning of the ex-Confederate soldiers.

State School Commissioner Glenn Still Hard at Work.

The public school teachers of the state of Georgia are the poorest paid people on earth," says School Commissioner Glenn.

Professor Glenn says the people will not allow their salaries to be further cut, and he does not anticipate any trouble in preventing the decrease in wages.

In the state of New York the lady teachers get salaries as high as \$2,500 a year and the men \$3,000. In Illinois the women get as high as \$2,000 a year, and here they get less than \$600, barely enough to live on.

The school commissioners are now making an effort to get each county to add to the state appropriation by local taxation.

None of the country schools have a prospect for more than five months of schooling this year, unless the citizens agree to local taxation. There are but four counties in the state who have adopted this system. They are Bibb, Richmond, Chatham and Glenn. Haralson and Dooly are about to come into line.

Prior to the last session of the legislature it was necessary to get the appropriation of two grand juries in immediate succession to have a vote on whether or not there be local taxation for public schools. The law is now so amended that the sanction of two grand juries is only necessary. It does not require that they be in succession.

Professor Glenn is going to spend considerable time in going about explaining the situation to grand juries and getting them to call for local elections on this school matter.

Last year the country schools averaged six and a half months, and the commissioner says that now instead of reducing the time to five months the limit should be extended to about eight months.

A negro bought a drink of blind tiger liquor at Forsyth the other night it is believed which killed him. It is a mistake. No kind of liquor will kill a negro (that is a single drink) and but few white men. If it had some in Dahlonega would have been generous.

A Fleishy Consumptive

Did you ever see one? Did you ever hear of one? Most certainly not. Consumption is a disease that invariably causes loss of flesh.

If you are light in weight, even if your cough is only a slight one, you should certainly take

Scott's Emulsion of cod liver oil with hypophosphites. No remedy is such a perfect preventive to consumption. Just the moment your throat begins to weaken and you find you are losing flesh, you should begin to take it. And no other remedy has cured so many cases of consumption. Unless you are far advanced with this disease, Scott's Emulsion will hold every inducement to you for a perfect cure.

ALL DRUGGISTS, and Dr. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N. Y.

BARGAINS BARGAINS, BARGAINS.

The Frank W. Hall Mdse Co.
Grand Clearing Out Sale.

We are not going to quit business but must make room now for our

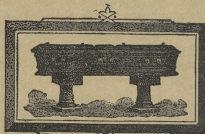
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

which we intend to put in. Monday, Jan. 23rd, we will begin this slaughter sale. The following is a sample of prices we will make:

500 yds calico worth 3c. now 3 1 2c.	500 yds calico worth 5 1 2 now 4c.	500 yds ginghams worth 7 now 4.	500 yds Ginghams worth 8 now 5.	200 yds 54 inch Water Proof different patterns, 60 now 40c.	Fast Black Silkoline worth 20 now 15.	Best grades black Satteen worth 20 now 15c.	Good quality Satteen worth 10 now 7 1 2c.	All wool Brocades worth 17 now 12 1 2c.	Mohair Brocades worth 20 now 13 1 2c.	Nice line Percales worth 10 now 7 1 2c.	Assorted lot of Table Linin 30, to 60c.	Full line best dress Plaids 8 to 15c.	Good quality white 10-4 Blanks sets \$1.00 per pair.	Gray Blankets 60c per pair.	Good quality Ticking 9c.	Best quality Ticking A. C. A. 12 1 2c.	Gents all wool Shirts 40c to \$1.	Nice line Ladies and Gents underwear including few Union suits, at prices that will astonish you.	Complete line Gents furnishing goods, cheap.	50 suits fall and winter clothing at and below cost. A big bargain in these.	Large line of hats at a sacrifice.
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We make a specialty of MINING SUPPLIES. Our stock of Family and Fancy Groceries is complete. We solicit your patronage and ask your inspection. Respectfully,

The Frank W. Hall Mdse Co.



GOTO
GOODMAN McGUIRES
FOR
COFFINS,
CASKETS,

And Coffin Supplies.

All sizes and prices on hand at the Goodman Hughes Corner, Dahlonega.

Also All Kinds of GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Sept 2 98

BARGAIN STORE

J. F. MOORE

Is Still Headquarters For

DRY GOODS, SHOES

"Bread is the Staff of Life" Groceries.

THEREFORE HAVE IT GOOD

Hardware,
Mining Supplies,
Hats,

Always Reliable. CLOTHING.
AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

You will find it to your interest to come and examine goods and prices before making purchases.

Respectfully,
J. F. MOORE

We have strangers in Dahlonega looking at the mines every day.

It begins to look like business to see the old Riley hotel lit up again.

The spring session of the college began this week with a good attendance.

We understand that both the measles and mumps have made their appearance in Dahlonega.

Every preacher in Dahlonega is a subscriber to the NUGGET except one and we guess that he reads it.

The timber in the neighborhood of Half's saw mill has been used up and a new location will be selected soon.

When Dahlonega's third hotel opens out she will be ready to accommodate all the visitors that wish to come.

There is talk about a railroad being built to Dahlonega again. We hope that there will be less talk and more work on the line this time.

Mr. Henly, the general manager of the Hall Mse Co. has been wrestling with the grip for the past few days. It did get him down.

The one who stole Mrs. Perry's pot some nights ago brought it back recently and put it where she could find it, after making a run or two of liquor in it.

The citizens of Chatanooga seem to be anxious for a railroad to be built from that city to Dahlonega. We will publish what is said about it in next week's NUGGET.

Anderson Head and his brother Colquhoun are getting along all right now. Anderson replaced the fence which he had destroyed and the warrant against him in the sheriff's hands has not nor will not be executed now.

Some of the boys have been trying a new experiment—working at 80 cents per day and giving one dollar per quart for rye liquor. The profit comes out at the wrong end of the horn, saying nothing about the headache it produces.

Rev. E. R. Cook, the presiding elder, paid us a visit last Wednesday and subscribed for the NUGGET. He used to run a weekly, in fact he edits the Dahlonega District Messenger now, and knows how to please a quill driver. He is making arrangements to continue the publication of the Messenger which will be enlarged.

Frank Reese has had more bad luck. The other morning after taking a bath and while reaching across the stove for something on the opposite side, his feet slipped and down he fell with his bare stomach right on the hot metal causing him much pain. He is getting along very well now but is wearing so many cloths saturated with liniment that he resembles the fat man at the show.

For several days the county surveyor and several other gentlemen have been endeavoring to locate a line between the Dahlonega Consolidated Co's property and a lot owned by a gentleman living in Savannah, located in the outskirts of Dahlonega. All the timber is gone and it is difficult even to find a single corner. The recent discovery of a rich gold mine is the cause of this investigation. They wish to know who it belongs to.

Turkey Bill Postell is now of the opinion that all is not gold that glitters. He went a courting the other day to a certain place and remained all night as is the custom when a fellow is on this kind of an expedition in the country. Next morning when he went to put on his breeches he found that the legs had been sewed up hard and fast. After some time he succeeded in getting his feeble limbs in their proper places and when he went to get his new hat, he found it under the chicken roost. He has not been so mad in a long time.

Lumpkin county has more than one soldier boy in Calia.

Ballard's Obelisk flour at J. F. Moores—best in town.

The next court which Col. Charters will visit will be down at Dawsonville.

We must have had both the la and the grip too from the way we have suffered.

The Head saw mill a short distance above Dahlonega will soon be completed.

Outside carpenters work can't progress very rapidly on account of so much disagreeable weather.

Nearly every body and their aunts are tussling with the grip in Dahlonega.

Capt. Williams is still confined to his room on account of sickness, where he has been for some time.

Galvanized iron ware at J. F. Moores such as dish pans, wash pans, oil cans—one and five gallons.

At J. F. Moores you will find canned ware: Dish pans, tea pots, coffee pots, dippers, sauce pans and preserving kettle.

Miss Mattie, daughter of T. H. Worley, was wedded one day last week to Mr. Walter Bennett, of Forsyth county. W. T. Dowdy officiated.

It will pay you to visit the jeweler store of G. H. McGuire, who is located next door to Anderson & Jones, when needing any goods in his line or wish any work done.

We see from the Fort Worth (Texas) Register that Mr. R. J. Hutcheson, a former citizen of Lumpkin county, was married in that city on the 24th ult., to Mrs. Willie Robertson.

Tinware of all kinds at J. F. Moores, including milk cans for cooling milk in well, milk cans for carrying milk, strainers, milk pails, stamped dish pans, all sizes in light and heavy weights.

It is really impossible to do much to the roads until the weather settles, unless it is to fix some of the worst places. Much work done on the public highways at this season of the year is thrown away.

Photographer Bruce informs us that he has had several persons insisting on him putting up a gallery since they have learned that he is able to take a pretty picture from an ugly subject. Some of those who have been corresponding for a wife are very much delighted now.

A certain gentleman who favors the stock law told a hunter the other day that if it became a law there would be more rabbits and birds. This is very true. But it does the poor hunter no good, for as soon as the law becomes of force property holders post their lands and allow no fishing or hunting on it.

Your attention is called to the new ad. of G. H. McGuire, the jeweler, this week to be found on the first page. Mr. McGuire has an agent who will call on you and furnish you estimates of work on sewing machines, pianos, organs, etc., etc., if it is so you can't come to town.

West and Alfred White, two brothers residing in Chestatee district, got on so much mountain dead last Sunday that they had a difficulty. West picked up a rock and struck his brother on the head bringing him to the ground. If it had not been that they were brothers it is no telling what they would have done. Brotherly affections saves many bad rows.

Henry Smith bought the farm of his brother James, the other day, which lies in the upper edge of Lumpkin county.

G. McGuire pays the highest market price for corn and all country produce, and sells you all goods as cheap as the cheapest.

Mr. Cooper, although a citizen of Dahlonega, is unable to be with us much. His duties call him away from home most all the time.

We have tried every known remedy since having the grip and we found nothing that gave us more relief than the eating of onions.

It is a hard matter to get a piece of fresh beef in Dahlonega. As the stock law advances beef cattle become higher and are driven off to another market.

Judge Tate is having the interior of the court house whitewashed, which causes it to present a much better appearance. He also speaks of putting in more benches.

J. F. Moore keeps the cheapest clothing in town. Only a few ladies caps to be had cheap. Ladies mackintoshes, skirts and capes. Misses mackintoshes, boys mackintoshes, mens mackintoshes.

Some of our house builders are hauling their laths from Gainesville. It does look to us that laths could be saved as cheap here as in Gainesville. Let some of our saw mill men try it. We need all the money that we have without sending it off.

Mr. Terrell, of Atlanta, connected with the railway mail service, was in Dahlonega this week, not on any special business that we know of except to enter his son in the N. G. A. College. Mr. Terrell however, in speaking of the inconveniences the people in the neighborhood of Price are put to about getting their mail, says that they should have a post master re-appointed down there.

We were informed the other day by a party who is position to know, that Bob Long, who killed young Clark in this county on the day of the election, would be on hand ready for trial at the next term of Lumpkin Superior Court. It is said that Bob would have given up long ago but does not wish to remain in jail until court convenes. There is no doubt in our mind but what Long expects to allow some of his friends to bring him in, getting a share of the reward that is now offered for him so as to help pay expenses.

Judge Tate is a little inclined towards a move to fix the clerk a more private place to occupy during court week. As it is every body can see what he is writing and as soon as a defendant's name is put on record he receives the news from some friend who leaves out. This kind of actions have cost the county thousands of dollars and it will be a big saving to it by having an office fixed up so that no one will know his business. Even lawyers have no right to look over the record and see who the grand jury have indicted. It is none of their business.

A pound party was enjoyed at the parsonage by minister Edwards Monday evening. It was a pleasant affair, one which was enjoyed by all the ministers friends present. We hope that none who carried nice cakes to the preacher didn't forget to look around and try to think of some poor person who would be glad to get even a little piece of meat and bread and send it to them before leaving home loaded down with many good things for one who gets a salary sufficiently large enough to buy what he wants in the way of eatables. If you don't give the widow and orphans something more beneficial to them than your prayers you had just as well change the program. Your prayers alone will never fill their stomachs. Of course the preacher appreciated it, and so would we. This item is not intended to reflect on any one for we do not know a single person who was there. It is just to show that we are not as thoughtful of the needy as we should be.

Work is moving right along on the new mining company's large business house.

The ladies will find some beautiful poetry on the first page of this weeks issue.

While the hands were engaged at work on the Burnside House last week one of them found an old ten cents piece which was made in 1827.

Will Price has all the lumber for his new building on the ground and awarded the contract for its construction to Mr. Hunter a first class mechanic from Atlanta.

The new mining company paid out \$1,800 on its last pay day and had not farly gotten started. They mean to put everything in good working order which will be money saved in the end.

Our old friend Henry Smith, who used to live in Lumpkin, but now a resident of White county, paid our town a pleasant visit last Friday, who was enjoying good health. He is a weekly reader of this paper and is pleased with it.

There are so many who endeavor to put a wrong construction to an article appearing in a weekly paper. They should remember that an evil thought never crosses a weekly editors mind. That might be why Bro. Gibson has turned his whole attention to journalism.

The grip is slighting no one in Dahlonega scarcely. In some instances it is pretty severe. It liked to have gotten the best of us. We have to wear a badge in order to be recognized. It is claimed by some that we would make a splendid medical ad. of "just before taking."

Abe Woody, of Union county, spent a short time in the NUGGET office one day last week while on his return home from market. Mr. Woody informed us that he had killed a large lynx in the mountains of Union near his home a few days previous weighing 51 pounds, having claws an inch long. The hide realized the slayer \$4. It had killed a large hog.

We have just received a large stock of stationery and other blank paper and cards, and are fully able to print job work of any kind and style at cheaper rates than can be turned out in any country job office and most of which will compare favorably to any done in cities. Call around when needing any work done and select the material you wish used. We keep all kinds.

Uncle Billy Roberts, a good old negro man who has resided in Dahlonega for many years, died last Saturday at the age of about 85. He used to belong to Judge Reeves of White county and no more highly respected man of his color ever resided in Lumpkin county. He was blind when he died and had been some time before his death, but during all his suffering was never heard to utter a word of complaint.

The Post office will be moved from the Burnside but it is not known yet where it will be located. In Gainesville inducements are offered by citizens for it to be located in their property. But here it is different. The boys make such a racket while waiting for the mail that some would prefer that the office be located across the Findley Hill if it was not for the inconvenience which it would put some to in getting their mail.

Yahoola still keeps in the lead. Bob Porter and Harrison Postell had a little difficulty the other day about a woman which resulted in Harrison swearing out a warrant for his antagonist, charging him with a riot. The Justice after an investigation dismissed the case at the expense of the prosecutor but the squire will get no cost unless the woman thinks enough of her lover to pay it for him. It may be that she will, for it was a very brave deed of Harrison for him to take up arms against his neighbor in her defense. It is a noble deed which should go into the next United States History with his portrait.

The boys went out last Saturday and brought in several rabbits. As yet the land about Dahlonega is not posted.

It snowed lightly last Friday night and after daylight continued for awhile but failed to cover the ground.

Merchant Ben Anderson went down to Atlanta Friday. Ben never goes with any big crowd. Therefore he enjoys all the fun by himself.

County Treasurer Marr was in town last Friday. He has still been unable to get anything to check the cancer which has been on his lip for some time which is destroying his life.

The fellow who went courting last Friday night got caught up with. He thought when he came away that it would continue snowing and cover up his tracks, but it didn't, and there they were to be seen at daylight by early risers living in that end of town.

A Mr. Castleberry, of Hall county, who was in Dahlonega last Friday, said he had lived in two different counties where they had the stock law and if we got it here we would be sorry of it. He says cattle, matters not how much they are fed, want something green. He said he had seen in pastures which had been eaten out by the cattle, where saplings as big as a man's leg were skinned all round by them as high up as they could reach.

We understand that a man remarked the other day that some would vote for the stock law because we were opposed to it, while others would oppose it because Ruf. Baker favored it. This is very foolish talk. If a man who has not judgment of his own to vote he should be compelled to be kept up with the stock. Really a real man would not act this way. They are only imitations of men who have not got sense enough to carry guts to a bear. Let every man be his own judge and vote just as he pleases.

Within the past month we have printed two hundred cards to be used in posting the lands alone in the stock law districts in Lumpkin county which read as follows: "No hunting in day time or night, with or without dogs—hunting of any kind, at any season of the year, or fishing on this tract of land under penalty of the law," etc. Also offering a reward of from one to \$10 for violator. Not satisfied with taking away the milk and butter from the poor man's child, but prevent him from catching a fish, possum, rabbit or anything else of the kind for his little ones some of whom may be sick. This is the fruits of the stock law.

The NUGGET's subscription list continues to grow. There has not a day passed for several weeks but what we have received one or more subscribers. We have been engaged in this business for more than a quarter of a century, the most of the time in the employ of other people, and we must say that the growth of this paper is far beyond our expectations. It has prospered better than any paper ever published in Dahlonega which shows that the people of our native county appreciate our labors and are our friends. We treat the high and the low and the rich and the poor all alike. One man's money is just as good as another. A dollar from the poorest man is appreciated just as much as one would be sent us from President McKinley. The acts and doings of the bon tons receive the same attention through the NUGGET when they do a thing amiss as the man who does not possess a dollar in the world. We proposed to run a newspaper and are doing our level best to do so. We have but one enemy that we know of. He belongs to the lightning bug society—tries to imitate one of God's angels during the day and of a night acts as the devils agent. One of these snake in the grass enemies. But his influence doesn't reach farther than his own premises. Therefore we had rather have him against us than for us.

Mining Notes.

Plenty of water for mining purposes now.

The steam stamp mill at the Kentucky still continues moving. Mr. John Huff, who is located on the Chestatee property, informed us the other day that he had been unable to do a single days work on account of the delay in the repairing of a piece of machinery which was sent off before Christmas to Gainesville.

The large amount of iron pipes which were leased by Mr. Crandell while he operated the Chestatee mine are being returned to the Garnet from where they were secured.

J. S. Rosenthal, of Delaware, Ohio, who has recently become interested in the gold fields of Lumpkin county, was here again this week, looking after his interests in this business. He was accompanied by Messrs. F. B. Kail, Geo. C. Vining and L. N. Davis, of Delaware, Ohio; Grant A. Fisher, of Columbus, Ohio; R. L. McCabe, of Chicago; M. P. Blazee, of Knoxville, Tenn., some of whom may become interested. They made a general inspection of the business, John B. Power, of Brookville, N. Y., has also been in Dahlonega this week.

The above gentlemen had departed only a few hours before several more arrived, who have also been taking in the mines.

The old reliable practical miner, J. B. Duckett, who has been employed down at the Calhoun for some time, keeps the ball in motion. He thoroughly understands his business and the services of a more useful man could not be had in the county.

Remember that it is our aim to give nothing but reliable mining notes in the NUGGET. We own no mines and have no interest in them in any manner. Only give the news about them the same as other matters of interest to the public.

F. V. Moore, who is working at the Ivey, frequently finds nice little nuggets of gold. Most of the gold at this mine is coarse and very easy to handle.

B. W. Brown is now engaged in cutting a tunnel to a vein that has already been discovered down at the Lockhart mine. The vein paid while being worked under the shaft process but will do much better when operated the other way as the ore can be handled much cheaper. Both Crisson and Brown will operate this mine as partners when this tunnel is completed.

A gentleman of White county sent down last week to know if a certain gentleman here could take care of several Englishmen who were expected right away, coming for the purpose of looking over the gold fields of this and White counties.

All the mining operations under the supervision of Mr. C. J. Norwood are moving right along. It keeps the gentleman wide awake as the mines are located more than a mile apart and in different directions.

We notice that some of the miners met in Gainesville last Saturday and perfected an organization by electing H. D. Jaquish, president, J. D. Martin, vice president, Walter P. Andrews, of the Southern Railway, secretary, Otto C. Scupin, treasurer. What this organization will perfect we do not know but have no idea that it will accomplish much. If the mining class generally had been on hand we would have had more faith in the organization. Miners here had an invitation but they did not go, simply because some of its chief promoters heretofore have not given any ones property a favorable word except that which they represented. But on the other hand spoke slightly about other peoples property. So this is one reason why we do not go much on this "great southern miners organization." Really it amounts to nothing in our estimation. The best plan for miners to benefit themselves as well as the country is to expend a sufficient amount of money for machinery to save all the gold—or that is 95 per cent of it—which they claim that they are able to do.

A NEW TRIUMPH.

The Dreaded Consumption Can Be Cured.

T. A. Slocum, the Great Chemist and Scientist, Will Send to Sufferers, Three Free Bottles of His Newly Discovered Remedies to Cure Consumption and Lung Troubles.

Nothing could be fairer, more philanthropic or carry more joy to the afflicted, than the generous offer of the honored and distinguished chemist, T. A. Slocum, M. C., of New York City.

He has discovered a reliable and absolute cure for consumption, and all bronchial, throat, lung and chest disease, catarrhal affections, general

and all conditions of wasting away and to make its great merits known to the world. The author has newly discovered remedies to an afflicted reader of the **REGISTER**.

Already his "new scientific system of medicine" has permanently cured thousands of apparently hopeless cases.

The Doctor considers it not only his professional, but his religious duty—a duty to which he owes his suffering humanity—to donate his work to the cure.

He has proved the "dreaded consumption" to be a curable disease beyond a doubt, in any climate, and has on file in his Atlanta, Georgia, Dispensary, thousands of "heartfelt testimonials of gratitude from those benefited and cured, of all parts of the world.

Catarrhal and pulmonary troubles, due to consumption, and consumption, uninterupted, need

delay until it is too late. Simply write T. A. Slocum, M. C., 98 Pine street, New York, giving express a postoffice address, and the free medicine will be promptly sent. Please let the Doctor know how his offer helps the Negroes. Jan. 28.

GEORGIA—Lumpkin County.
Notice is hereby given that W. Price, Administrator of the estate of Charles A. Besser, has in due form applied to the Superior Court of the law and equity of Lumpkin County, Georgia, to sell the property of said estate for the payment of debts and for the purpose of distribution. Said application was made on the regular term of the court of Ordinary for said county to be held on the first Monday in February, 1899. Given under hand and seal of said court, this 22 day of January, 1899.

W. H. C. TATE, Ordinary.

Sealed bids will be received by at my office in the court house in D. longea, Ga., until 12 o'clock on, on which day, at February 10, 1904, the bids in the presence of all bidders are present, for the furnishing of material and building of a public bridge across Hightower River in Lumpkin county, said state, at the site known as Davis' Bridge. The bridge to be built is to have separate seal both in iron and wood structure. The bridge whether built of wood or iron to be 60 feet long, 12 feet wide, standing, and to be one span 60 feet long, 12 feet wide, 12 feet high, built of iron and 64 feet long 12 feet high of wood, with track or passage of 12 feet wide, built of iron and wood, of heart pine and oak lumber enclosed on side and covered. The right is hereby reserved to accept a bid in all iron or wood structure.

Full plans and specifications of an iron and wooden structure can be seen of file in my office.

Payment to be made on the 25th of December, 1899, or as soon thereafter as the work is completed and accepted by me.

Good sufficient bond will be required of the successful bidder in terms of the eighth section, and

bids reserved. This Jan. 24th
Ordinary of Lumpkin Court

Corn

is a vigorous feeder and responds well to liberal fertilization. On corn lands the yield increases and the soil improves if properly treated with fertilizers containing not under 7% actual

Potash.

A trial of this plan costs little and is sure to lead to profitable culture.

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars or special fertilizers, but are practical works of science, based on the latest researches of fertilization, and are really helpful to farmers. They are sent at the asking

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
OF NEUCHÂTEL, SWITZERLAND.

A Wonderful Discovery.

The last quarter of a century has seen many wonderful discoveries in medicine, but none that have accomplished more than this. It is the discovery of a remedy, Brown's Iron Bitters. It contains the very elements of good health and neither man, woman or child is without it. It is the greatest liver

The World
 Almanac and
 Encyclopedia
 for 1899
 AND
 Illustrated History
 of the Spanish-
 American War

READY FOR SALE
EVERYWHERE
JANUARY 1st, 1899.

Together with

**The Battle Calendar
of the Republic.**

Compiled by
EDGAR STANTON MACLAY
Historian of the U. S. Navy.

THE STANDARD
AMERICAN ANNUAL.

PRICE 25 CENTS.

پستداری

Postpaid to any address.
THE WORLD, Pulitzer Building,
NEW YORK.

\$25 *NEW HIGH ARM*
Favorite Singer
LOW ARM, \$20.00

Drop leaf, fancy cover, large drawers, nickel rim and a full set of Attachment equal to any Singer Machine.



In Poor

Health

men so much more than
you imagine—serious and
fatal diseases result from
trifling ailments neglected.

Don't play with Nature's
greatest gift—health.

If you are feeling
a bit of sourness, and
generally ex-
hausted, you cer-
tainly have no appet-
ite and can't
enjoy the most re-
freshing and re-
strengthening
medicines, which
are—Brown
Bitters. A few bot-
tles cure—head-
aches, nervous-
ness, come from the
first dose. *Stomach*
weak, and *dis-*
temper, and it is
pleasant to take

**Brown's
Iron
Bitters**

**Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver
Neuralgia, Troubles,
Constipation, Bad Blood
Malaria, Nervous ailment**

Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed re-
lines on the wrapper. All others are sub-
stitutes. On receipt of two stamps you
will send for a Free—**Beautiful World
Fair Views and book—free.**

BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, M

Corn

is a vigorous feeder and responds well to liberal fertilization. On corn lands the yield increases and the soil improves if properly treated with fertilizers containing not under **7% actual**

Potash.

A trial of this plan costs little and is sure to lead to profitable culture.


All about Potash—the results of its use by experiment on the best farms in the United States—how to obtain it, how to publish and how to mail free to any farmer in America who will write to—

GERMAN-AMERICAN POTASH CO.
93 Nassau St., New York

An Old Idea.

Every day strengthens the belief of eminent physiologists that impure blood is the cause of the majority of our diseases. Twenty-five years ago the theory was advanced as a basis for the formula of Lown's Bitters. The many remarkable cures effected by this famous old household remedy are sufficient to prove that the theory is correct.

This image shows a blank, aged, light brown paper cover or endpaper of a book. The paper has a textured, slightly mottled appearance with some minor discoloration and a small, dark, irregular mark near the center. The right edge of the paper is slightly irregular and shows a small tear or hole. The background is a solid, light beige color.



Dahlonega Nugget.

Good Advertising Medium.

VOL. X—NO. 8.

Devoted to Local, Mining and General Information.

DAHLONEGA, GA., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1899.

W. B. TOWNSEND, Editor and Proprietor.

One Dollar Per Annum

GETTING READY

Every expectant mother has a trying ordeal to face. If she does not



Nature is not given proper assistance.

Mother's Friend

is the best help you can use at this time. It is a liniment, and when regularly applied several months before baby comes, it makes the advent easy and nearly painless. It relieves and prevents "morning sickness," relaxes the overstrained muscles, relieves the distended feeling, shortens labor, makes recovery rapid and certain without any dangerous after-effects.

Mother's Friend is good for only one purpose, viz.: to relieve motherhood of danger and pain.

One dollar per bottle at all drug stores, or sent by express on receipt of price.

Full books, containing valuable information for women, will be sent to any address upon application to

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.



Condensed Schedule of Passenger Trains.

In Effect Dec. 4th, 1898.

Northbound. No. 15 No. 38 No. 15 No. 38

Ex. No. 29 Ex. No. 29

Daily. Daily. Daily. Daily.

Ex. No. 29 Ex. No. 29

Daily. Daily. Daily. Daily.

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A GOOD IDEA.

A Railroad From Chattanooga to Dahlonega.

There are a number of Chattanooga gentlemen who have studied the subject, who are of the opinion that a railroad ought to be built, and that at once, to connect this city with the mineral regions of Georgia.

The value and need of such a road was peculiarly impressed upon a representative of the News this week on a trip through the Dahlonega region. One cannot get to the town of Dahlonega except by riding over rough roads more than twenty miles, and at this season of the year it is practically impossible to reach the railroad station with heavy loads of freight.

Dahlonega is only about eighty miles from Chattanooga on a straight line. It is as near Chattanooga as Atlanta, and the commerce of that section ought to come to Chattanooga by all means. Already Atlanta is planning to build a railroad to the place, while Chattanooga it is not awake to the importance of the question.

There is much for Chattanooga to gain in such a connection. The first consideration would be the development of the gold fields, to which there is already starting a great tide of prospectors. A road from Chattanooga to Dahlonega would pass through territory now that employs at least 500 hands in gold mining, and which will soon be working 10,000 in getting out the gold ore and milling it. These mills are run by water power or steam generated by wood. With a railroad to the section from Chattanooga, a market would be opened up for the coal of Chattanooga district, and the gold of Dahlonega would flow into this city as that of Cripple Creek now does into Colorado Springs.

But the gold is not all.

Within five miles of Dahlonega there is iron pyrites in abundance, and of a grade that is worth as much as the pyrites now imported from Spain into the cities of this country where fertilizer is made. While on a tour of this section the News representative met a traveling man connected with an Atlanta fertilizer works, who said that the Atlanta people are about to take steps to build a railroad line into the Dahlonega district, in order to get the benefit of the immense deposits of iron pyrites. He said that Atlanta alone uses 200,000 tons of the pyrites annually, importing it from Spain and paying \$8 a ton for it laid down in Atlanta. The Dahlonega pyrites, said he, is of as pure quality as that of Spain, and with a railroad to the property it could be laid down much more conveniently than the Spanish pyrites. On account of the present inaccessibility of the Dahlonega property, he said that the ore can actually be delivered in Atlanta from Spain cheaper than it can be laid down there from Dahlonega. This would sound strange to the average citizen, but it is a fact, attested by all the manufacturers of fertilizer in the south.

Another strong argument for a railroad connecting Chattanooga with the Dahlonega region is the discovery, near that town, of several veins of iron ore, magnetic, which analyzes about 60 per cent pure metallic iron, and is almost free from sulphur and phosphorus. The veins range from 6 to 23 feet in thickness, and in addition there is a vein of speckled ore of the same purity 8 feet in thickness, in which there is no sulphur, phosphorus or tetanum, Chattanooga-

ga's future depends, in a great measure, on the manufacture of cheap steel, and right at the gates of the city is the raw material ready to be hauled in when the proper facilities are offered. By obtaining a railroad Chattanooga can get the iron ore of the Dahlonega district, and at the same time supply that district with Chattanooga coal. It is a matter deserving very serious consideration.

In addition to the gold, iron and sulphuric acid referred to in the foregoing thoughts, it will naturally occur as an argument that such a railroad as the one described would pass through eighty miles of territory that has not been developed, rich in timber, good for agricultural purposes, and in which, with railroad facilities, a number of thriving small towns would soon spring up.

It will be remembered, J. C. Stanton had an idea of this kind in the Chattanooga and Augusta project. His road was to penetrate the section referred to in this article. The scheme fell through on account of financial depression.

Money is easier now, and a railroad will go from some point, very soon, into the rich mineral districts of Georgia. The city that backs up such a road will be the chief beneficiary. It will be either Chattanooga or Atlanta. These facts are thrown out for the purpose of setting Chattanooga people to thinking. If they will think over the prospect seriously they will act, and with the concerted action of this city it would be an easy matter to get one of the big railroads centering here to push a line through to Dahlonega and capture the great business that is waiting there for the steel horse of progress.—Chattanooga News.

Home Paper.

The man who does not take his home paper provided he was reared in the country, does not know what real enjoyment he misses.

The news I get out of one issue is worth more than the yearly subscription. I devour every line of the local gossip and neighborhood correspondence, and when I lay the paper aside I praise the country editor for giving me the privilege. Letters from home are very welcome, but one doesn't get as much news in a hundred letters as he does in one issue of the home paper. And all letters are so uncertain, you sometimes have to wait six months for a reply to your last one. But if you are a subscriber to the country paper, it comes to you regularly every week, rain or shine. You may be a little in arrears, but the country editor sends the paper along with the hope that you will some day settle up matters. The man who cannot visit his old home every year or two the weekly perusal of his home paper is almost as good as a trip to his boyhood scenes.—John Lally, in Chicago Herald.

Send in a dollar for the NUGGET if you wish to keep posted.

Dangers of The Grip.

The greatest danger from La Grippe is of its resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken all danger will be avoided. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy for the grippe have yet to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia which shows conclusively that this remedy is a certain preventive of that dangerous disease. It will cure the grippe in less time than any other treatment. It is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by F. W. Hall M&C Co.

The Agreeable Woman.

J. F. CALLAN.

There are women who have, without either wealth or beauty, gained universal popularity, and onlookers sometimes wonder why this is so. It is directly due to their agreeable qualities, the faculty of presenting smiling faces and giving sweet words to all in their passage through life. Surely it is worth while trying to make the world a more agreeable place, and although it requires effort and usefulness, a lasting reward is to be gained. It is delightful to be liked, and none of us are self-reliant enough to do without the esteem of our fellows. The old saying that the way to know people is to live with them is a true one, for most of us have met those who are decidedly agreeable when in the world, and just as disagreeable when at home. Women who endeavor, (and men too) to make people think them good natured pleasant and lovable must be just what they try to appear, or there will be certain failures. It is some times said of women that they are very pleasant to live with, and no higher praise can be given them. When such is the case, the words uttered by members of their families find echoes in the hearts of outsiders, and the tribute goes ringing down the grooves of time.

Agreeable at home these women are so to the world and move in an atmosphere of truth and light. It is not surprising that the world recognizes and loves them, and receives them with open arms. But while some may think women who are universally agreeable are born so, and that it requires no effort on their part for them to be always smiling, good tempered and kind, it should be remembered that these winning graces are the products of self-repression, self-sacrifice and neighborly duty. They require much in order to grow. If the cynical disbeliever this, they should try to be thoroughly agreeable for just one day, and see how much will have to be given up in the way of self-indulgence and self-love. Once having found how hard it is to be pleasant for a single day they will be much more ready to give to agreeable women the praise they deserve. One of the sweetest things about pleasant women is their eagerness to give praise where praise is due. They are no flatterers in the common acceptance of the term, but helpers in the best sense, for they encourage to new efforts and well chosen words. Without envy, malice or uncharitableness they go through life saying, doing and thinking the right things, and as homage is ever paid to the right and true, agreeable women will ever receive liking and love, and in giving happiness to those about them will find it for themselves.

Dysinger, N. Y.

Mrs. Lee a member of the Colorado legislature, presided over that body one day last week as speaker. A rolling-pin was presented her as an insignia of office and by that shibboleth she kept the house in order, as most of them are married men.

An Honest Medicine for La Grippe.

George W. Waitt of South Gardner, Me., says: "I have had the worst cough, cold, chills and grip and have taken lots of trash of no account but profit to the vendor, Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the only thing that has done any good whatever. I have used one 50-cent bottle and the chills, cold and grip have all left me. I congratulate the manufacturers of a honest medicine." For sale by F. W. Hall M&C Co.

Led By a Little Child.

In one of Philadelphia's hospitals there is a curly-haired, pink-checked, little five-year-old boy, blind in both eyes, maimed, twisted and crippled for life, and yet he is the joy of the hospital and the light of the wards, and has been the direct cause of a dying man's conversion. The patients call him "Little Sunshine." Every morning he is led through the wards and the private rooms by one of the nurses, and the patients coddle their pet and kiss him. In room 10 there is a coal heaver, a big, brawny fellow dying of an incurable disease, and "Sunshine's" christian-like purity and innocence so appealed to him that his heart was touched. He was reminded of his early childhood days, when at his mother's knees he listened, "Now I lay me down to sleep, I pray the Lord my soul to keep." Four days ago the dying coal heaver asked to see a clergyman, and the pastor of a nearby Methodist church was sent for. The good man told of the sacrifice and sufferings of the Saviour, and in the barren room of the hospital, between the day and dark, the man found peace.

"Sunshine's" chubby little fist—the uninjured one—was buried deep in the great knotted palms of the dying man. He lay still, with the light of new-found peace upon his face. "Dear God," he murmured, as the great tier chased one another down his cheeks and lost themselves in the snowy linen: "Dear God, little Sunshine" done it; Sonny done it. The person said as how a little kid could lead a feller and "Sunshine" done it."

There was a moment of silence; then little "Sunshine" gently withdrew his hand from those of the dying man, and whispered to the nurse: "Tan he see Doc? Wiss I could."—Philadelphia Press.

To Cure a Cough.

The Scientific American quotes a physician as follows: "There is nothing more irritable to a cough than coughing. For some time I had been so fully assured of this that I determined for one minute at least to lessen the number of cough heard in a certain ward in a hospital of the institution. By the promise of rewards and punishments I succeeded in inducing them simply to hold their breath when tempted to cough, and in a little while I was myself surprised to see how some of the children entirely recovered from the disease. Constant coughing is precisely like scratching a wound on the outside of the body; so long as it is done the wound will not heal. Let a person when tempted to cough draw a long breath and hold it until it warms and soothes every air cell, and some benefit will soon be received from this process. The nitrogen which is thus confined acts as an anodyne to the mucous membrane, allaying the desire to cough and giving the throat and lungs a chance to heal."

In view of the fact that we have Governor Hogg, Senator Bacon and Ambassador Choate, the Augusta Herald says it is not surprising that the Spanish call us pigs.

For La Grippe.

Thomas Whitfield & Co., 240 Wabash av., corner Jackson-st., one of Chicago's oldest and most prominent druggists, recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for the grippe as it not only gives a prompt and complete relief, but also counteracts any tendency of the grippe to result in pneumonia. For sale by F. W. Hall M&C Co.

O. J. LILLY, Attorney at Law,

Dahlonega, Ga.
General practice in all the Courts. Special attention to Corporation, Mining Law and Abstracts of Titles. Prompt attention to collections. Oct. 21 '98.

Dr. H. C. WHEELER, Physician & Surgeon,

Dahlonega, Ga.
R. H. BAKER, Attorney at Law,

Dahlonega, Ga.
All legal business promptly attended to. mr. ly

R. M. BRISON, Attorney at Law,

Dahlonega, Ga.
OFFICE WITH PRICE & CHARTERS. Special attention given to collections. All legal business attended to promptly. Jan 13 '99.

\$100 REWARD

—FOR ANY—

SEWING

MACHINE,

ORGAN,

PIANO,

WATCH or CLOCK

That I cannot repair

in first class style.

I have had 20 years experience

in the business and if you will

give me a trial you will be con-

vinced that I know my busi-

ness. If you will notify me by

mail of any repairs you want

done I will have my agent to

call on you and give you an es-

timate of the repairs free of

charge.

A nice line of

WATCHES, CLOCKS,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

SPECTACLES,

JEWELRY, ETC.,

kept in stock. Thanking you for past

favors and I solicit your patronage in

the future.

Respectfully,

G. H. McGUIRE,

Don't Neglect Your Liver.

Liver troubles quickly result in serious

complications, and the man who neglects his

liver has little regard for health. A bottle

of Brown's Iron Bitters taken now and then

will keep the liver in perfect order. If the

disease has developed, Brown's Iron Bitters

will cure it permanently. Strength and

vitality will always follow its use.

Brown's Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

Feed and Livery Stables.

Best attention given to stock. Horses

and vehicles can be had both day

and night at reasonable prices. Located

in building below College Street

bridge near Public Spring. nov 4 '98

NOTICE FOR PARTITION OF LAND.

John P. Stegall, Plaintiff for partition

of land in Lumpkin Superior

Court, vs. Mrs. Carmie Faulkner, April Term 1899.

To Mrs. Carmie Faulkner:

You are hereby commanded to ap-

pear at the next Superior Court, for

Lumpkin county, Georgia, on the 3rd

Monday in April, 1899, to answer the

plaintiff's petition in the above stated

case.

Witness the Hon. J. J. KIMSEY,

Judge of said Court.

This December, 21st, 1898.

JOHN H. MOORE, Clerk.

HALL HOUSE,

Dahlonega, Ga.

J. F. CASTLEBERRY, Proprietor.

Rates: \$2.00 per day, \$7.00 per week,

\$25.00 per month. HOT and COLD

BATHS.

THE NUGGET.

DAHLONEGA, GA., FEB. 10, '99.
Entered at the Dahlonega, Ga. P. O.
as Second Class Matter.

Capt. John Millege, a noted Georgian, died in Atlanta last week.

Mrs. Martha Place is to be electrocuted in New York for murdering her step daughter.

The Supreme Court has decided that Elder John Vickers is entitled to the legislative seat from Coffee county instead of the popularist.

It has been decided that Gen. Joe Wheeler, who was elected to congress from Alabama, forfeited his seat by accepting another office.

The grand jury of Hall county recommended that \$75 be expended in each malitia district of that county for the building of a court house.

A destructive cyclone struck Morris, Ala., last Friday afternoon destroying many houses and doing much other damage. Railroad cars were blown off the track and some propelled a mile away.

Gainesville will have a negro hanging on March 17th. Cassius Law who killed Sarah Curry some time ago, is the one who will go on the stage. The exhibition will be private as the law prevents it from being otherwise.

A bill is now pending before Congress to increase the standing army from 25,000 to 100,000 men. There is no necessity of this increase, but if there should be let none be negroes, for they can't have themselves unless forced to do so. It adds a negroes brains to put a uniform and a cap on him.

A mistrial was had last week in the case of Chapman charged with accessory to the burning of Quillian & Meaders' mill in that county on February 8th, 1898. The burning was done by Reubin Priest who confessed the crime but alleged that Chapman induced him to burn it.

M. G. Ray, of Crawford county last week became the possessor of a pot of gold containing several thousand dollars. After dreaming three different times where the pot was buried he went and dug and found it at the very spot which had been told him so often in his dreams. The man whose hand it was on will sue to recover.

Atlanta is going to have a state fair. The Constitution and Journal oppose each other generally in politics but when it comes to anything that will benefit Atlanta they come together in unity and accomplish most anything they undertake. They are certainly great papers and not only Atlanta but the state of Georgia feel proud of them.

B. H. Anderson, who lives in Dawson county, near Americus, Ga., has a remarkable family. He and his wife are only fifty years old, have been married thirty years and have a family of seventeen children, all of whom are sound in body and mind. There are five girls and twelve boys, five of the oldest being married. The youngest child is seven years old. It, with six others, is within the public school age.—Southern World.

We notice from the Georgia Cracker where a negro named Fletcher Whelchel was sent to Fulton county jail "for safe keeping" for attempting to snatch a pocket book from Miss Maud Worley" of Gainesville a few days ago. People will wonder why a man had to be sent off to Atlanta "for safe keeping" for an offense of this kind which occurs in cities every week. This is not it. The black brute would have "snatched her character" had he not been afraid and used language to this white woman for which he ought to have been shot down. Women must be protected.

Our Gold Mines as Others See Them.

We leave out our mining notes this week in order to give our readers a portion of an interesting article taken from a late date of the Chattahoochee News, written by Mr. L. A. Warner, a representative of that paper, who recently came here to view the gold mines. It is interesting. The writer deals in facts and figures, clearly demonstrating that our mines in and around Dahlonega are valuable—just as we have stated time and again—only needing modern machinery to save the gold. The writer says:

The first gold property shown was the Lawrence vein, running through the streets of Dahlonega, but not yet opened for working. The Breymann lode, on which are 450,000 tons of ore assaying \$15 per ton, was seen. The ore from this lode has been put through nineteen separate analyses, so that there can be no mistake as to its richness. The McAfee vein, thirty five feet wide, assays \$12 to the ton of ore. Benning vein, thirty feet wide, contains ore averaging \$10 per ton. Knight vein, eighteen feet wide, assaying \$10; Pruitt, fifty feet wide, assaying \$6; Antonio, thirty feet wide, assaying \$6; Yaboola, a new mine, with ore worth \$13.20, at thirty foot tunnel; the famous Barlow mines, where gold has been panned at the rate of \$100 to the pan, and where some of the sulphurates have run as high as \$9.100; Dog head vein, so named because the nuggets found in it were the shape of a dog's head, with a vein of free milling ore running as high as \$50 to the ton, and last assay \$38.60, where it runs into sulphurates, the great Barlow cut, three-quarters of a mile long and averaging 200 feet wide, and 100 feet high, with an unlimited supply of gold ore averaging about \$3 across the entire formation; the Evans vein or Finley mine, two and a half feet wide, and running \$15 to the ton; the Thomson vein, thirty feet wide, running \$5 to the ton; Dead Horse vein, twenty feet wide, assaying \$8 to the ton; these and other veins and mines not mentioned, were among the sights of the first day's drive around the vicinity of the town which is the hub of the big company's operations. Millions of tons of ore are there exposed to view, and workmen are engaged blasting out the way of tunnels to the rich ore bodies for the purpose of blocking out the ore and estimating the worth of the properties. Several of the old-fashioned mills with which, in the days gone by, many men have made fortunes grinding out the gold by slow process, losing more than half of the metal, are still on the property; but will be torn down to make place for new mills improved machinery which will save 95 per cent. of the gold from the ore and at less expense than the old-fashioned mills were operated.

The party was shown the site of the first new mill to be erected on the property at the haul mine—on the side of a long and steep hill, most conveniently arranged by nature for such purpose. It will be a 100-stamp mill, with the chlorination process complete, and directly in the center of the best ore of that district. While the mill is being built the company will be opening sections in the big company's possessions. From the Dog head vein on the Barlow property the party obtained specimens of quartz showing fine gold in abundance. It was learned that frequently the women of that vicinity, as well as the men, pan gold on this property quite profitably, in spite of the fact that the loose earth has been worked over time and again.

STORY OF BATTLE BRANCH.
The Battle Branch Mine, passed on the way to Creighton mill, is a mine with a history. It takes its name from a bloody battle fought there in 1831 between Georgia and Tennessee miners over the right to the mine. A large number were killed and wounded. The Georgians "whipped out" the Tennesseans and gave the mine the name

of Battle Branch. The placer deposits were all washed, and the mining ceased there being no way of treating the ore.

In 1843 an Englishman, Major John Hockenbush, and a man named Pasco, located in Georgia near Barrettsville, and began prospecting for gold. They finally struck into Battle Branch mine and for a long time worked it without results. Their money gave out and they were well nigh discouraged when, one afternoon, Hockenbush struck a rich "pocket" in the mine, and in three days he and Pasco took \$50,000 in gold from it. Hockenbush built a commodious home at Barrettsville, and it is now owned and occupied by ex-Senator Strickland, of that state, with whom our party stopped on Thursday night half way to Creighton mill. Some of the descendants of Hockenbush still live in that neighborhood, and the story of the pocket of gold is fully verified.

Hall county's average number of paupers for 1898 was 28. The farm contains about 300 acres, 100 in cultivation.

Jim Smith, who has grown immensely rich by hiring the state convicts, has a calf pasture covering 600 acres of land.

A cyclone struck Stillshoro, Ga. last Sunday and destroyed the M. E. church and several other buildings. No one killed.

It ceased raining Tuesday night and by the next morning a cold wave was on hand lowering the thermometer in Dahlonega to 12 degrees.

The Georgia Cracker is now the official organ of Hall county, sheriff Monday having given notice to that effect. What's the matter with the Eagle?

There are too many murderers being sent to the state asylum. Every murderer, once should be stretched and not allowed to escape the gallows by pretending to be insane.

Hall county has 81 public schools—68 white and 13 colored. Number of pupils admitted during the year, 4,877—4,143 white and 634 colored. Average number of pupils in daily attendance, 2,522. Schools being in session 130 days.

We understand that merchant John Garner, who runs a mercantile business below Gainesville is now in jail in that city. His goods were insured and he is charged with moving them all away and burning up the store house.

When the negro troops were mustered out in Macon the other day they made their bags that they would take in Atlanta on their way home to North Carolina and kill a policeman or two. The authorities in Atlanta were notified what had been said and when the train rolled into that city the policemen were ready and waiting and when the drunken negroes began to stop off and commence cursing they lit in on them with their clubs and soon had the depot looking as bloody as a government slaughter pen.

Good Blood!
Your heart beats over one hundred thousand times each day. One hundred thousand supplies of good or bad blood to your brain. Which is it?
If bad, impure blood, then your brain suffers. You are troubled with drowsiness yet cannot sleep. You are as tired in the morning as at night. You have no nerve power. Your food does you but little good.
Stimulants, tonics, headache powders, cannot cure you; but
Alexander's Sarsaparilla
will. It makes the liver, kidneys, skin and bowels perform their proper work. It removes all impurities from the blood. And it makes the blood rich in its life-giving properties.
To Hasten Recovery.
You will be more rapidly cured if you will take a laxative dose of Ayer's pills each night. They arouse the sluggish liver and thus cure biliousness.
Write to our Doctors.
For the names of some of the most eminent physicians in the United States. Write freely and the particulars in your case.
Address, J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Our College.

Congressman Tate, writing to a friend here says that Naval Cadet W. C. Wood, who was transferred from the N. G. A. College four years ago to the Naval Academy at Annapolis has just graduated, standing eight in a class of fifty three. Mr. Wood, while here was one of our brightest students. He is from Pickens county.

Mr. Tate is proud of his Naval officer, as well as Lt. Fred Price, of the 6th Inf., of whose appointment by President McKinley, he took a special interest.

Mr. Tate was, a few weeks ago, elected a trustee of the N. G. A. College and having been a student at one time in this institution he works unceasingly for her up-building and the advancement of her students.

Mr. Tate informs the trustees that "during the over the re-organization of the army it is next impossible to secure the assignment of military officers to military colleges, but as soon as the army bill is disposed of something can be done."
In the meantime Prof. Oscar Palmour, himself a graduate of the college, is performing acceptably the duties of Post Commandant.

New Society Officers.

The literary societies of the college have elected the following officers:

- DECEMBER.
F. H. McCleskey, President.
A. W. Cain, Vice-President.
W. M. Smith, Recording Secretary.
S. A. Harris, Treasurer.
J. W. West, Librarian.
S. S. Parr, Corresponding Secretary.
W. J. McLee, Critic.
M. P. Prance, Chaplain.
Lee Sosebee, Sergeant-at-arms.
PHIL MEYER.
E. M. Clark, President.
A. J. Bell, Vice President.
Leo Little, Recording Secretary.
H. L. Lumpkin, Treasurer.
W. H. Barksdale, Critic.
G. W. Hendricks, Corresponding Sec.
H. D. Gurley, Jr., Librarian.
C. E. Myers, Marshal.

A clash occurred between the Americans and the Philipinos at Manila last Sunday in which it is reported that the enemy lost about 2,000 dead, 3,500 wounded and 5,000 taken prisoners, while the Americans only lost about 35 killed and 125 wounded.

BARGAIN S BARGAINS, BARGAINS.

The Frank W. Hall Mdse Co.
Grand Clearing Out Sale.

We are not going to quit business but must make room now for our SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, which we intend to put in. Monday, Jan. 23rd, we will begin this slaughter sale. The following is a sample of prices we will make:

- | | |
|---|--|
| 500 yds calico worth 5c, now 3 1/2 c. | Assorted lot of Table Linin 30 to 40c. |
| 500 yds calico worth 5 1/2 c now 4c. | Full line best dress Plaids 8 to 15c. |
| 500 yds ginghams worth 7 now 4. | Good quality white 10-4 Blaukets \$1.00 per pair. |
| 500 yds ginghams worth 8 now 5. | Gray Blankets 60c per pair. |
| 200 yds 54 inch Water Proof different patterns, 60 now 40c. | Good quality Ticking 9c. |
| Fast black Silkotie worth 20 now 15. | Best quality Ticking - A. C. A. 12 1/2-30c. |
| Best grades black Satteen worth 20 now 15c. | Gents all wool Shirts 40c to \$1. |
| Good quality Satteen worth 10 now 7 1/2 c. | Nice line Ladies and Gents underwear including few Union suits at prices that will astonish you. |
| All wool Broccies worth 17 now 12 1/2 c. | Complete line Gents furnishing goods cheap. |
| Mohair Brocades worth 20 now 13 1/2 c. | 30 suits fall and winter clothing at and below cost. A big bargain in these. |
| Nice line Percales worth 10 now 7 1/2 c. | Large line of hats at a sacrifice. |

We make a specialty of MINING SUPPLIES. Our stock of Family and Fancy Groceries is complete. We solicit your patronage and ask your inspection. Respectfully,

The Frank W. Hall Mdse Co.

GO TO
GOODMAN McGUIRES
FOR
COFFINS, CASKETS,

And Coffin Supplies.
All sizes and prices on hand at the Goodman, Hughes Corner, Dahlonega.
Also All Kinds of GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Sept 2 98
BARGAIN STORE
J. F. MOORE
Is Still Headquarters For
DRY GOODS, SHOES
"Bread is the Staff of Life" Groceries.
Hardware.
Mining Supplies.
Hats.
CLOTHING.
AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
You will find it to your interest to come and examine goods and prices before making purchases.
Respectfully,
J. F. MOORE

Good Blood!
Your heart beats over one hundred thousand times each day. One hundred thousand supplies of good or bad blood to your brain. Which is it?
If bad, impure blood, then your brain suffers. You are troubled with drowsiness yet cannot sleep. You are as tired in the morning as at night. You have no nerve power. Your food does you but little good.
Stimulants, tonics, headache powders, cannot cure you; but
Alexander's Sarsaparilla
will. It makes the liver, kidneys, skin and bowels perform their proper work. It removes all impurities from the blood. And it makes the blood rich in its life-giving properties.
To Hasten Recovery.
You will be more rapidly cured if you will take a laxative dose of Ayer's pills each night. They arouse the sluggish liver and thus cure biliousness.
Write to our Doctors.
For the names of some of the most eminent physicians in the United States. Write freely and the particulars in your case.
Address, J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Albert Wheelch left last Monday for Anniston, Ala.

J. F. Moore keeps back-hands and hames. Also has solid steel axes already handled.

A. W. Meaders, who recently moved to Watkinsville, was back a day or two this week on business.

Plows and plow stocks and all kinds of farming tools on hand at J. F. Moore's. Also a fine assortment of Ferrys garden seed.

The recent rains have damaged our streets and roads considerably, and it will require a great deal of labor to get them in shape when the weather moderates.

It is said that Newt Walker, of Yahoola is in the woods. He recently mortgaged five bushels of corn to a person for money to secure his marriage license and when the officer went for the corn it had been hid and could not be found. This action on the part of Newton caused him to become alarmed and move out.

Col. Charters, after spending about three weeks in Gainesville attending Hall Superior court, returned home last Friday where he has been resting up a few days before he goes to Dawson county court next week. The first official work performed by Sol. Gen. Charters was in Hall, and he certainly was very successful as he only lost one case.

The law says that all persons can vote in the stock law election who are qualified to vote for members of the legislature. What about those citizens residing in Dahlonega who didn't register and could not vote in any of the late elections? Most of them favor the stock law and will regret that they didn't register. It is always best to comply with the law.

The line between the Dahlonega Consolidated G. M. Co.'s property and that of Mr. Schly, of Savannah, was located by the county surveyor last week and the newly discovered gold mine was found to be on the latter gentlemen's property. Work has again been resumed at this mine and as Dr. Stephenson used to say, "We hope they will make millions of the yellow metal."

Our old friend Cavender who recently moved to Dahlonega from Union county is 84 years old and his wife is 72. Notwithstanding their old age they are very stout and able to do a good deal of hard work yet. They were seen one day last week saving a large piece of timber with a cross cut saw. It is useless to say that these industrious old people are opposed to the stock law. They are not opposed to doing a little extra work in order to fence against their neighbors stock.

Berry Larmon died in the western portion of this county last Friday aged 80. He was a good law abiding citizen and a man who was loved and respected by all his neighbors, although he was one of the most peculiar men ever residing in the county. He never attended preaching and had not been in a single church since a small boy. Neither would he look at a dead person. It is said that when his father died he got his gun and went off into the mountains and remained until after he was buried.

If the Indians plan of handling persons who commit rapes were adopted by the white people there would be less of this kind of crime committed. Henry Whitaker, col., who came from North Carolina and lived in Dahlonega some time ago, and whose grand father was a full blooded Indian, told us the other day that he helped to burn a fellow at the stake once who was guilty of the crime which seems to be on the increase in many of the southern states. In many sections, inhabited by negroes, it is dangerous for a man to leave his family alone.

Col. Charters now owns the old Wimpy stand and the dwelling adjoining it.

Rev. W. H. McAfee is another minister in Dahlonega who is opposed to the stock law which shows that he is a friend to the orphan and the widow.

On the first day of the month the Ellijay mill rider turned and went back without coming all the way to Dahlonega. Why he did it we do not know. Oh what excellent mail facilities we do have here.

John Moore has got well of the grip and opened out a market in the old Wimpy store house. We hope that John will get many paying customers and do well. The beef business is like a newspaper enterprise, customers who do not pay are not worth a cent to the concern, and we do not want them.

We have recovered sufficiently from the grip so as to be able to give a few tunes on our month music box with some of the variations, and have improved in looks so as to be able to remove our dough face, hoping to recover soon so as to enable us to get rid of the lost belt under the proposition made in a recent issue.

Why don't you squeeze out a dollar from your pocketbook and get a Nugget of your own and quit borrowing your neighbors. Up at Porter Springs some of the white people even take out Alfred Herrington paper, an old gray headed negro man, and keep it two or three days before they carry it home. Quit doing the old man this way.

Our friend J. M. Galbreath, of Pleasant Retreat, was down to the city last Friday. In giving us his hand he dropped a half dollar in our clutches for the Nugget to be sent to his house for six months. Our first acquaintance with this gentleman was a number of years ago while on our way to Towns county. We overtaken him in White and traveled nearly two days together. It was quite a treat to us for we had never traveled about any only in Dahlonega and didn't even know what a toll gate was. We found our guide to be a clever man and have had a kind feeling towards him ever since.

If you want customers to come to see you invite them to visit you through the Nugget. It is read more than any other paper in the county. We mean our home merchants. We do not solicit any outside merchants' ads especially. We are for home enterprises first, last and all the time. If we want a favor we know where to get it and are in favor of doing any thing we can for those that help us. You take ten or fifteen dollars to your home merchant and you can buy just as much as you can at Gainesville with freight added. But when you buy on a credit at home, at the same time saving up your money for Gainesville merchants, you cannot expect for your home merchants to compete with the prices of those who get all the cash.

The other day while it was raining a poor white woman was going through the mud and water crying, from place to place, trying to rent a house. After much persuasion she touched the sympathy of a certain gentleman who had charge of an old dilapidated building, being a fair representation of the picture of the home of the Confederate soldier who returned to it long years after the war had ended. She got this house after paying in advance the only dollar she possessed to get her and her children some thing to eat. No one gave this poor woman a suppers party by carrying a pound cake, a pound of coffee or a nice baked turkey. No, she was not even offered a pound of meal or a slice of meat. But instead was laughed at by some young men as she waded through the mud. Young man, you should remember that this woman was once as pure as your mother or your sister, and you do not know but what some trouble may lurk about you or your home before you die.

But few commercial drummers appeared in Dahlonega on account of being held down by the grip this week.

All the mines had to suspend work, except where operated under ground, for several days this week on account of so much rainy weather.

Not a single dozen of eggs could be obtained in Dahlonega last Monday for love nor money. The weather has been so our country friends couldn't get to town.

Our friend Frank Hunt was up from Gainesville this week and put up a monument at the grave of Miss Emma Anderson, which is said to be the prettiest one now in the cemetery.

Remember that you can't vote in the stock law election Wednesday next unless you will have been a citizen of the state 12 months, county 6 months, district 90 days and are not disqualified in any other way.

We do job work cheaper than you can get it done in either Gainesville or Atlanta. The reason is we rise with the lark and do our own work and make money at the business. If we did not we would not follow it.

It has been stated that there would be some "toddies" used here on the day of the stock law election. Let neither side do this. It is a violation of law and if it is done should be investigated by the next grand jury. Let every voter go up cool and sober and vote just as he pleases.

Frank Jones, of the firm of Anderson & Jones, after being absent from Dahlonega several months, returned one day last week, spending some time with his relatives. He is now traveling for the Hynds Manufacturing Co. at Gainesville. Frank is a hustler and will "drum" up a good business wherever he goes for his employer.

Rev. J. N. Austin, of Wahoo district, told us Tuesday that he too had seen where cattle had gnawed the bark from the trees while in pastures in the stock law section. We see from the tone of this divines conversation that he is a friend to the widow and the orphan and is not in favor of a law which will increase their distress.

Yahoola district still keeps in the lead. We understand that Harrison Postell swore out a warrant for Joe Nath Wilkins a few days ago charging him with breaking open a letter. We have not heard the result of the trial yet. It is not known here whether the justice bound Wilkins over to the U. S. court in Atlanta or sentenced him to be sent right direct to the Albany penitentiary. This district is certainly ahead in all courts. Supreme court not even excepted.

All last week the Hall House was about full of mining men who were here to look over our gold fields. Three different crowds were here composed in all of about twenty men. The last party was accompanied by Mr. Adams and Mr. Thompson, president and secretary of the Dahlonega Consolidated G. M. Co., who had to remain over until the early part of this week on account of being unable to either look round or get away owing to some of the swollen streams.

The citizens of Cane Creek have a very successful way of catching and killing hawks, which is to bait a steel trap with a part of a fowl after it is caught by the chicken lover and place it as near the spot where the hawk leaves it as possible. Usually in a very short while the hawk returns and makes a strike at the tempting bait and finds himself fast between the jaws of the trap. A few days ago an incident of this kind resulted in a peculiar and painful accident at J. H. Lees. The hawk being caught by one leg, one of his little girls, Josie, fearing that the robber might make his escape, undertook to get hold of it, when the hawk dashed the talons of its unconfined foot in her hand making a bad and painful wound.

If there is any one who does not like the Nugget they need not read it. There is nothing compulsory about it.

We are glad that Dr. Jones has gone into the drug business. It will give competition, reduce the price of drugs and a person can sort afford to get sick.

Capt. Joseph Allen will take hold of the Burnside as soon as the repairs are completed and it is ready for occupancy. The Captain run this hotel for several years in time past and will be at home when he returns.

The letter, informing us of the marriage of Miss Minnie, daughter of R. N. Mays, to Mr. Thomas Martin, one of the most prominent young men of Hall county, which occurred on the 2nd inst., was not received until our papers were all worked off.

One of Yahoola's church members came to town quite happy the other day, whose happiness increased so while here that they had to put him away in his "little bed" and let him dream an hour or so. It's a good thing to have friends who nearly always keep persons from sleeping in the calaboose in such cases.

Capt. W. J. Worley has had the grip too which robbed him of nearly all of his beauty like it did us while we had it. The Captain is a great mineral man who talks about our rich country from morning until night except while in the garden alone, but while the grip had him he was never heard to utter a word about either gold or mica. Capt. Worley is a good clever man and we like him—he neither harms man nor makes love to the women. Often when we take the blues we go and sit down and talk with the Captain who soon gives us a dose of conversation—telling what a big boom we are just on the eve of having—which drives them entirely out of our system and we go away feeling like a new man.

The stock law will not likely carry in this district. We find men right on the line of one of these new fashion cut offs that are opposed to the law, not but what it would benefit them but at the same time it would bring distress to their neighbors. Our friend Joe Brown is one who we have reference to. He is a preacher and has the love and respect of all both black and white. If there is a christian in the world Joe Brown is one. He is not two sided in any matters of importance like this stock law question. He does not want to help to do a thing because it benefits him when it holds his neighbors noses down to the grind stone. Such a man in speaking to the Lord can do so with a clear conscience when asking Him "to bless the widow, the orphan, the poor and the needy."

The Temperance Union met at the Methodist church last Sunday night with Rev. W. H. Parks as chief cook and bottle washer, having been elected to this position at the last meeting. Mr. Parks is an earnest worker in the cause and is a good man. The church was about full of people but we noticed that the most of them were young people, quite likely some of them taking more interest in their escorts than they did in the temperance society. If more older ones would attend these meetings more good would be accomplished. The recitations were good and the music would have been better had they let the organ rest. Minister Edwards offered up an earnest prayer which if granted would cause liquor to cease being sold and the temperance movement to spread throughout the land with the speed of a cyclone. It does seem like the temperance workers have a good deal to contend with. Just as they had ended a tussel with John Barley Corn during the 1898 campaign, here comes along the grip. Every one is his own physician who is almost certain to invite old John home with him and give him full possession of the premises so as to enable him to gain the victory.

Ordinary Tate has bought the lot next to the Signal office and will build on it.

Merchant Joe McGee has purchased the Lige Beck house and will move into it next week.

Several communications from country citizens, appealing to the residents of the Dahlonega district not to support the stock law, are crowded out which we regret.

Rev. C. W. Stargel is at home sick and was unable to attend his church at Auraria, and is fearful that he will not be able to attend his meeting at Macedonja next Saturday and Sunday.

We are glad to learn that Tax Receiver Stargel's son, who was accidentally seriously cut at Mr. Moose's working a few weeks ago, has improved so that if he meets no accident, will be off of his crutches in a few days.

It will be news to many of the readers of the Nugget to know that Rev. T. K. Postell, formerly of this county, is at the present pastor of the First Baptist Church in Bridgeport, Ala. He is at present in a bit of trouble, but we are informed that old pastor Stargel is in possession of the needed bail and will administer it at the proper time.

The case of Rev. W. G. Spencer who petitioned the ordinary to change the district line in Frog Town so as to cut off a lot of his land into Porter Springs district, came up for a hearing before Judge Tate last Monday, who decided against Mr. Spencer. There was a counter petition gotten up by Tax Collector Sargent who resides in Frog Town district where the stock law is not wanted by a majority of her citizens. He employed Col. Price to represent his side of the question. The first thing that an ordinary has got to do is to see whether a change in a district line would benefit more than it would injure, and Judge Tate could not see where it would in this case. Besides this he based his decision upon one made by the Supreme Court which says that there is no appealing from an ordinary's decision in such matters, and adds that the people can elect another ordinary next time who if they wish can have a line changed back, besides it must be the wish of a majority of the citizens of the district for such changes to be made. This will put an end to changing district lines in our county we hope as it would always result in more expense than profit to both sides and be before the ordinary every four years.

Will Palmour, of this county, and Ransom Cain, of Dawson, are now both in Lumpkin county jail charged with arson—burning the house of Bob Thomas in Martin's Ford district more than two weeks ago. Soon after it was done both parties were carried before the justice of that district and allowed to waive examination and give a hundred dollar bond each. Complaint was made to the Solicitor General who notified the Justice that he could not take a bond in such a case, and they were re-arrested and lodged in jail at Dahlonega last week. Application has been made to Judge Estes to allow them to give bond and fix it so that they may be able to gain their freedom until the convening of Lumpkin Superior court. It is claimed that they tracked the parties to the house of Palmour where Cain had spent the night. Cain states that he came there that night to see about a buggy. Thomas is accused of reporting an illicit distillery in which Palmour and others were concerned, and had received a letter or two by unknown parties, notifying him that he had better leave the country. This may be the cause of the destruction of the house but whether those parties had anything to do with it or not we are unable to say. An investigation will show later on. Later, Bond was fixed at \$1,000 each. G. D. Bruce, J. F. Moore and J. B. Edwards signed Cains Wednesday and it is thought Palmour will soon make his.

Garden seeds and all kinds of farming tools at G. McGinires.

A mink killed 15 of farmer Jno. Smith's chickens Tuesday night near Porter Springs.

The widows checks—17 in number—for those drawing in Lumpkin county have been received by the ordinary, being \$60 each.

Mrs. Stillwell, mother of Miss Annie Stillwell, a former teacher in the N. G. A. College, died in Anniston, Ala., some days since.

The Dahlonega Consolidated Gold Mining Co. are having a number of disputed lines located by the county surveyor. They want what is there—nothing more.

While Warren Hendricks, of Union county, was coming to town he received some painful injuries by falling and one of his wagon wheels running over his legs.

J. K. P. Lanes, one of the most prosperous farmers in the county says that the stock law will ruin Lumpkin because 85 per cent of the land of the county is in the woods. He says that he has tried pasturing hogs and found it an unprofitable business.

Last Tuesday's daily mail failed to arrive until yesterday morning at 2 o'clock. It was so cold and the roads are frozen and cut up so after a weeks rain that it is almost impossible to travel. As we go to press the ice on our mustache is thawing showing that the weather is moderating.

Newman McDougald bet that he could eat 12 boxes of sardines at one sitting Wednesday. When he had eaten four and a half boxes and a half pound of crackers the dose went back on him. He started home. Every other step he opened his mouth and out would come a sluice of grease and f-i-s-h.

The other night Harv Anderson, col., went home, picked up the baby and commenced to sing "God feeds his children on de honey an' de wine; we will sail away to heaven by and by." Just about the time he ended the chorus his wife, believing that he had been out on a courting expedition, picked up the kettle of hot water and commenced scalding her husband like he was a hog. Then they clintched and such a racket as occurred does not frequently take place at a house occupied by church members. No family prayer was held at that house that night.

Next Wednesdays Election.

The stock law election for the Dahlonega district comes off next Wednesday. It is one in which every man, woman and even little children are interested, for it effects the whole people of the district one way or the other—the poor man it will injure and the rich one it will benefit, if it is the voice of the people to have it to go into effect. The people of this district are not the only ones interested but those throughout the county, for if it carries in this district it will not be long before it makes its way into the other districts where it is not already in force.

There are numbers of poor people in town that are barely able to winter a cow now who will be compelled to dispose of them should the stock law carry. Besides this there are scores of poor people in Lumpkin county who have nothing to eat while making their little crops except milk and butter with their small quantity of bread. If the stock law carries they will have neither milk nor butter which will certainly bring hunger and distress to them and their families. You gentlemen who have within the past few years been blessed with plenty, enabling you to accumulate a few lots or hundred acres of land should not object to your neighbor, who has been less fortunate than you, letting his cow go on your property and pick the grass from the hills and swamps, which, if you refuse by your ballots being cast against it next Wednesday, will cause many a little child to cry for milk, and the grass will come and go, not benefiting you nor any one else a single cent in any manner. Seriously think over this matter and harden not your hearts against the poor class of people.

WARNING TO FARMERS

AGRICULTURAL COMMISSIONER
STEVENS ON THE RECENT
RISE IN COTTON.

ONLY DELUSION AND SNARE

Days of Better Times in Sight if
Farmers Will Stand Firm
and Diversify Crops.

ATLANTA, Feb. 1.
It is to be regretted that many of our farmers are almost in despair at the outlook ahead of them, and numbers of them (particularly of the tenant class) are talking of abandoning their farms and seeking employment in the cities. This would be a fatal move to the great majority of those who might try it. The cities are already overcrowded with people who cannot obtain regular work, and additional numbers of them would be added to the already existing mass of unemployed. Remember how your fathers acted at the close of the war, 34 years ago. Returning as they did to ruined homes, without money, without credit, many of them broken down in health, they went to work with the same resolution and bravery that had enabled them for four years to resist the overwhelming armies of the north, and out of that ruin they built up a great state, and in a measure restored their shattered fortunes. You are sons of those heroic men, and should not be daunted by difficulties no greater than they met and overcame. Industry and economy are bound to win now, as they did after the war.

While the results of last year's operations have in very many cases been discouraging, let us not lose heart, but with redoubled energy and with renewed hope let us strive for better results this year. "Where there is a will, there is a way," and if we earnestly desire to be rid of the despotism of "king cotton," we can certainly find a way to do so. I think I can see the dawn of better times coming for our farmers. With the reports of largely increased seeding of small grain; of many flour mills being erected in the state (the largest in the south, nearly about completed in Atlanta, which will consume 5,000 bushels of wheat and 5,000 bushels of corn daily, and will furnish a cash market at railroad stations for grain); of packing houses being established, that stand ready to purchase every fat hog and every head of cattle we raise, I am sure there is reason for the "faith within me" that Georgia has reached the last milestone on the downward road to poverty, and will from this point, steadily, and I hope rapidly, advance towards the goal of prosperity and independence. Do not be deceived if as planting time approaches the men who control the prices of cotton, permit it to advance a little in value. They want a large crop planted and are even now getting anxious, because of the prospective decrease in acreage. You have been caught by this attractive bait in former years, and experience should teach you to recognize and avoid it now. Don't forget the caution that I gave in the January letter, viz: to replant the thought, that because your neighbors will plant less cotton you will plant more in hope of better prices. This is most dangerous ground to take, for if generally adopted, the logical result would be an enormous crop, with still lower prices. I know that advice on this line is seldom appreciated, but being a farmer of long experience, I deem it my duty to put the matter plainly before my brother farmers, hoping that good may result from it. If my advice given last month has been followed, the fences on our farms have been repaired; new terraces run off and old ones mended where necessary; many compost heaps have been made; as the weather permitted, much grain has been seeded, and the preparation of the ground for other crops is fairly under way.

While the season for what sowing is past, there is still time to plant oats, this being probably the best spring month for that purpose. As the period for rooting and growth of the crop becomes shorter as the season advances, it necessarily follows that the land seeded to oats during this month should be richer, and if possible better prepared, than land seeded in the fall. The root growth of the spring-sown oats will not be as great as when seeded in the fall, therefore if a good crop is expected from the spring planting, there must be more available plant food in the soil. You also need a variety of oats that will mature quickly, and I know of none better than the "Burr." While they do not yield as heavily as some other varieties, they mature very early and seldom rust. Do not fail to put in a good acreage in oats while there is still time to do so, for you are likely to need them badly next summer, and you could have no better feed for your work stock.

In the southern part of the state corn planting should commence before the first month expires, particularly on the red lands of that section. These lands warm up earlier than do the gray lands, and can therefore be planted from ten days to two weeks sooner. Don't be misled by the common error among negro tenants of planting corn very close. I prefer 7 feet rows and 3 feet in the drill, with a row of ground peas or field peas in the middles. By this plan as much or more corn will be made than by closer planting, and a crop of peas also. What-

ever fertilizer is used for the corn should be sown along the planting furrow, not far but that the corn roots will find it. In planting ground peas in the corn middles, I advise the use of the whole ground pea, dropping one every 15 to 18 inches. Planted with the hull broken they will take longer to come up, but in my experience you get a better stand. They should be planted in this way immediately after planting corn. Many, however, prefer shelling the peas, and in that case the planting should be done two to three weeks later.

Some good farmers will doubtless differ with me in regard to what early planting of the above mentioned crops, but from long observation of results I am satisfied that early planting of any crop gives the heaviest yield. Great care should be used in the selection of seed corn, as there is such a large amount of damaged corn this season, much of which is hard to detect without careful examination. Many perfect looking ears have a rotten cob, with the corn of your crop damaged and dead. You cannot be too careful in this matter of selecting seed, as the entire success of your crop depends on it. In the middle and upper portions of the state the same general directions for planting will apply, but in the lower portions of the state, when the mountain section is reached ground peas would hardly be a profitable crop, and field peas should be substituted for them. The advice as to 7 feet rows for corn, and 3 feet rows for peas, is at present, but if greater care were used, resulting in the article of syrup, and the same should be put up in gallon and gallon cans, attractively labeled, I believe cane-growing could be made very profitable. The maple syrup from the north is put up in this way, and readily sells for high prices, though at present our best cane syrup is sold for 10 cents per bushel.

Sugar corn should also be planted the last of this month. The ground should be deeply broken and well fertilized for this crop. If the stalks are long cut them in several places, and in planting let the pieces or the whole stalks lay, for one-third of their length. By this plan you will get a better stand.

Commercial farmers are best for sugar cane, as stable manure heavily applied gives the syrup a dark color and an unpleasant taste. There is very little profit in making syrup to sell at 15 to 18 cents a gallon, as at present, but if greater care were used, resulting in the article of syrup, and the same should be put up in gallon and gallon cans, attractively labeled, I believe cane-growing could be made very profitable. The maple syrup from the north is put up in this way, and readily sells for high prices, though at present our best cane syrup is sold for 10 cents per bushel.

This applies not only to the top soil, but the subsoil as well. The passage of the plow through either, when wet, will simply puddle the clay and render it, when dry, impervious to the roots of the growing crop. O. B. STEVENS, Commissioner of Agriculture.

Rise of Foam in Churns.
QUESTION.—Why is it that sometimes in churning foam will rise in the churn and it will take hours for the butter to "come"?
ANSWER.—One of the best authorities on the subject gives the following reasons for the condition you mention: 1. The cream is too thick. 2. The cream is too cold in the churn. 3. The cream may have been kept too long. 4. The cream of a "farrow" or "strip" cow may be causing the trouble. 5. The cream may be too thin—get rid of some of the skim milk. 6. The cream may be too thick—add a little skim milk or water. 7. The churn is too full. To make good butter the cream when churned should have a temperature of between 55 and 71 degrees. If the temperature is below 55 degrees the butter will not "come" readily, and if above 70 degrees the product is apt to be a white, spongy butter. Overchurning is also to be guarded against, and care must be taken to stop the churning at the point where the butter separates itself from the milk. Otherwise the granular appearance and character of the butter will be lost, and you will have a smooth, fatty product—State Agricultural Department.

Cotton Seed

Free

With The Atlanta Semi-Weekly Journal to every one sending one dollar for a year's subscription.

Jackson's African Limbless Cotton grows 8 to 12 feet high, and is said to produce double the quantity of ordinary cotton. It costs nothing to try it. The seed are scarce, but The Semi-Weekly Journal has secured a quantity and offers to any one sending one dollar for a year's subscription 500 of these seed free.

Talmage,
Spurgeon,
Beecher.

A collection of select sermons by these great divines sent free to any one sending one dollar for a year's subscription to The Semi-Weekly Journal.

Sam Jones' Letters.

Sam Jones writes regularly for The Atlanta Journal, and his letters appear in the Semi-Weekly edition.

Agents Wanted Everywhere.

A live agent wanted at every town and hamlet in the south. Liberal commissions to agents and extra inducements in the shape of advertising to those who send large lists of names.

In Addition to Commissions
In addition to liberal commissions agents who send us 100 cash subscribers for a year before next May, will receive a bonus of \$10. Those sending 500 will receive \$25. Extra fifty of hundreds in the same proportion. Send the subscribers along and keep account of them.

The Semi-Weekly JOURNAL, Atlanta, Georgia.

BOTH NUGGET AND JOURNAL 1.75

A NEW TRIMUP.

The Dreaded Consumption Can Be Cured.

T. A. Slocum, the Great Chemist and Scientist, Will Send to Sufferers, Three Free Bottles of His Newly Discovered Remedy to Cure Consumption and All Lung Troubles.

Nothing could be fairer, more philanthropic or carry more joy to the afflicted, than the generous offer of the honored and distinguished chemist, T. A. Slocum, M. C., of New York City.

He has discovered a reliable and absolute cure for consumption, and all bronchial, throat, lung and chest disease, catarrhal affections, general decline and weakness, loss of flesh, and all conditions of wasting away, and to make its great merit known, he has sent three free bottles of his newly discovered remedies to any afflicted reader of the NUGGET.

Already his "new scientific system of medicine" has permanently cured thousands of apparently hopeless cases.

The Doctor considers it not only his professional, but his religious duty—a duty to which he owes his inflexible code.

He has proved the "dreaded consumption" to be a curable disease beyond a doubt, in any climate, and has on file in his American and European laboratories thousands of "heartfelt testimonials of gratitude" from those benefited and cured, in all parts of the world.

Catarrhal and pulmonary troubles lead to consumption, and consumption, uninterrupted, means speedy and certain death. Don't delay until it is too late. Simply write T. A. Slocum, M. C., 98 Pine Street, New York, giving express and postpaid address, and the free medicine will be promptly sent. Please tell the Doctor you saw his offer in the NUGGET. Jan. 28.

NOTICE TO BRIDGE CONTRACTORS.

Sent bids will be received by me, at my office in the court house in Dahlonega, Ga., until 12 o'clock on the 18th day of February, 1899, at which time and place said bids will be opened in the presence of all bidders who are present, and the furnishing of all material and building of a public bridge across Hightower River in Lumpkin County, and state, at the site known as Davis Bridge. Separate bids will be received, under separate seal for both iron and wood structure. Said bids whether built of wood or iron to be built on the pillars, or piers now standing, and to be one span 60 feet built of iron and 64 feet long if built of wood, with track or passage 10 feet wide. If built of wood said bridge to be of heart pine and oak lumber and enclosed on side and covered.

The right is reserved to accept a bid for either an iron or wood structure as may be determined by me after said bids are opened and examined.

Full plans and specifications of both an iron and wooden structure can be seen of file in my office. Payment to be made on the 25th day of December, 1899, or as soon thereafter as the work is completed and accepted by me.

Good sufficient bond will be required of the successful bidder in terms of a law. The right to reject any and all bids reserved. This Jan. 25, 1899.

W. H. C. TATE, Ordinary of Lumpkin County.

GEORGIA—Lumpkin County. Whereas certain petitioners have made application to this court praying for an order granting the establishment of a new road commencing at the residence of A. C. Perry and running by Burt's mills, down Mill Creek through the lands of T. A. Powers, Cross the Duhangas and Ellyard road at gap where Crain settled. Cross Harlan creek in W. J. Crain's field, intersect with a ridge road running near John Atres' farm, by Larmons mill, James Gamble and intersect with public road at George Cochran's on Nimbler creek. And whereas commissioners appointed for that purpose have received said road and report that it will be of much public utility and convenience. Now this is to cite and admonish all persons that on and after the first Monday in February, 1899, said new road will be granted if no good cause is shown to the contrary. Given under my hand and official signature, this 10th day of January, 1899.

W. H. C. TATE, Ordinary.

NOTICE.
GEORGIA—Lumpkin County. To whom it may concern: A petition of fifteen free holders of the Middle District of this county, having been filed in my office petitioning for the benefit of the provisions of Sections 1772, 1773, 1774, 1775 and 1776 of the Code of Georgia for an election for "no fence" or "stock law" in said District, therefore all persons who are entitled to notice at the expiration of 20 days from this date I will proceed to have an election held in said Middle District, at as early day as practicable, in which the record shall be submitted to the lawful voters of said District in terms of the law. This January 20th, 1899.

W. H. C. TATE, Ordinary.

Corn

is a vigorous feeder and responds well to liberal fertilization. On corn lands the yield increases and the soil improves if properly treated with fertilizers containing not under 7% actual

Potash.

A trial of this plan costs but little and is sure to lead to profitable culture.

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars boasting special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing full facts on soil fertilization, and are really helpful to farmers. They are sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 45 Nassau St., New York.

A Wonderful Discovery.
The last quarter of a century records many wonderful discoveries in medicine, but none have accomplished more humanity than that stirring old household remedy, Brown's Iron Bitters. It cures the most stubborn cases of general debility, and restores to man, woman or child, who has been afflicted with it, the vigor and health of youth. Brown's Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

The World Almanac and Encyclopedia for 1899

AND
Illustrated History of the Spanish-American War

READY FOR SALE EVERYWHERE
JANUARY 1st, 1899.

Together with
The Battle Calendar of the Republic.

Compiled by
EDGAR STANTON MACLAY
Historian of the U. S. Navy.

THE STANDARD AMERICAN ANNUAL.

PRICE 25 CENTS.

Postpaid to any address.
THE WORLD, Pulitzer Building, NEW YORK.

\$25 NEW HIGH ARM Favorite Singer
LOW ARM, \$20.00
Drop leaf, fancy cover, two large drawers, solid, strong, and a full set of attachments, equal to any Singer machine sold from \$10 to \$60 by Catalogue. A trial in your home before payment is asked. Buy direct from the Manufacturers and save agents' profits besides getting full warranty for five years. Send for testimonials to Co-operative Sewing Machine Co., 201 S. 11th St., Philadelphia, Pa. WE PAY FREIGHT.

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters
It Cures
Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Neuritis, Constipation, Bad Blood, Malaria, Nervous ailments, Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine. Beware of cheap imitations. It cures the most stubborn cases of general debility, and restores to man, woman or child, who has been afflicted with it, the vigor and health of youth. Brown's Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

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is a vigorous feeder and responds well to liberal fertilization. On corn lands the yield increases and the soil improves if properly treated with fertilizers containing not under 7% actual

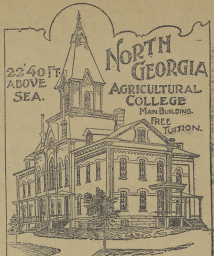
Potash.

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NORTH GEORGIA AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE
DAHLONEGA, GA.
A college education in the reach of all. A.D., U.S. Normal and Business Men's courses. Good laboratories; hospital, ventilating climate; military discipline; good moral and religious influences. Cheapest board in the South abundance of capital produce expenses from \$75 to \$100 a year board in dormitories or private homes. Special course for teachers' fall faculty of next all under the control of the Faculty. Tuition free. The institution founded special for the colored race. Means. Send for catalogue to the President, Feb. 1st, February, A.M.

FREE! SPARKLING, DAZZLING
Living Picture Supplement.
FOUR PAGES ELEGANT HALF-TONE
Photos of Barbesque Beauties in ORIGINAL Dashing Poses. Catching, Charming. Given Away Every Week With Police Gazette \$1-3 MONTHS. Free! Patent Paper File Given Away to all subscribers. Now is the time to send your subscriptions. Address all letters to the publisher.

The Gazette Sporting Annual for 1898 now ready. All Sporting Records! Illustrated with half-tone photos of all the Champions, Footbal Favorites, etc. So sport can get along without it. PRICE 25 CENTS. RICHARD FOX, Publisher, Franklin Square, New York.

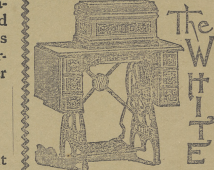


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A strictly high-grade Family Sewing Machine, possessing all modern improvements. Guaranteed Equal to the Best. Prices very reasonable. Obtain them from your local dealer and receive complete satisfaction.

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Don't Sacrifice

Future comfort for present seeming economy, but buy the sewing machine with an established reputation, that guarantees you long and satisfactory service.



THE WHITE
ITS PINCH TENSION
TENSION INDICATOR.
(device for regulating and showing the exact tension) are a few of the features that emphasize the high grade character of the White. Send for our elegant H.T. catalog. WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO., CLEVELAND, O.

Dahlonega Nugget.

Good Advertising Medium.

Devoted to Local, Mining and General Information.

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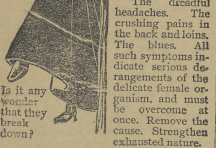
VOL. X—NO. 9.

DAHLONEGA, GA., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1899.

W. B. TOWNSEND, Editor and Proprietor.

Social Gayeties.

To be entertaining when one ought to be asleep. To eat sweets and salads when the stomach craves the simplest food or none at all. To laugh when one wants to cry. All this and much more society demands of her followers. What a strain on the nerves of delicate women!



Bradfield's Female Regulator is the standard remedy for the weakness and irregularities peculiar to women. Bradfield's Regulator is not a mysterious mixture of mythical origin, but a standard remedy compounded in accordance with scientific principles from approved vegetable medical materials. Bradfield's Regulator is endorsed by physicians who have examined it, and has been in successful use over a quarter of a century. It is sold by druggists at one dollar a bottle. "Perfect Health for Women" mailed free upon application.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Condensed Schedule of Passenger Trains in Effect Dec. 1st, 1898.

	No. 12	No. 38	No. 33
Northbound.	Daily	Daily	Sun.
At Atlanta, Ga.	7:50 a.m.	12:00 p.m.	4:55 p.m.
At Dalton, Ga.	8:10 a.m.	1:00 p.m.	5:15 p.m.
At Dalton, Ga.	8:10 a.m.	1:00 p.m.	5:15 p.m.
At Dalton, Ga.	8:10 a.m.	1:00 p.m.	5:15 p.m.
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At Dalton, Ga.	8:10 a.m.	1:00 p.m.	5:15 p.m.
At Dalton, Ga.	8:10 a.m.	1:00 p.m.	5:15 p.m.
At Dalton, Ga.	8:10 a.m.	1:00 p.m.	5:15 p.m.

	No. 12	No. 38	No. 33
Southbound.	Daily	Daily	Sun.
At Dalton, Ga.	7:50 a.m.	12:00 p.m.	4:55 p.m.
At Dalton, Ga.	8:10 a.m.	1:00 p.m.	5:15 p.m.
At Dalton, Ga.	8:10 a.m.	1:00 p.m.	5:15 p.m.
At Dalton, Ga.	8:10 a.m.	1:00 p.m.	5:15 p.m.
At Dalton, Ga.	8:10 a.m.	1:00 p.m.	5:15 p.m.
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HALL HOUSE,
Dahlonega, Ga.,
J. F. CASTLEBERRY, Proprietor.
Rates: \$2.00 per day, \$7.00 per week, \$25.00 per month. HOT and COLD BATHS.

Judge Estes and the Criminals.

It might be of interest to some of our readers for them to know what amount of damages Judge Estes charges criminals, the price being fixed at the recent term of Hall Superior Court, being the first court at which he has presided under his last appointment.

Where a plea of guilty is entered for selling liquor \$75 or serve 12 months in the chain gang.

Plea of disturbing divine worship, \$10 or serve 6 months in the chain gang.

Plea of guilty for robbing houses, 3 years in the penitentiary.

Plea of guilty for burglarizing, 3 years in the penitentiary.

Carrying concealed weapons, fine \$50.

Selling liquor, \$50.

The Use of Knowledge.

A proper system of education must not only put the pupils in possession of certain knowledge, but it must teach them to use that knowledge to the best advantage. It is not enough to store up in the mind a lot of facts of all sorts, as beans are put in a bag or potatoes in a barrel. The facts, just as are the beans and the potatoes, are accumulated, not to be kept until they are moldy or worm eaten, but that they may be employed for the most important purposes. Every important machine is human intelligence impressed on inanimate metal, wood and other such matter, forcing them to do the work once performed by human muscle. The enormously increased power of production resulting from the use of such machinery has operated to cheapen the products to such an extent that every earner of wages is able to live in a degree of comfort, and even of luxury, hitherto unknown.—New Orleans Picayune.

"No man gets on so well in this world as he whose daily walk and conversation are clean and consistent, whose heart is pure, and whose life is honorable. A religious spirit helps every man. It is at once a comfort and an inspiration, and makes him stronger, wiser, and better in every relation of life. There is no substitute for it. It may be assailed by its enemies, as it has been, but they offer nothing in its place. It has stood the test of centuries and has never failed to help and bless mankind. The world has use for the young man who is well grounded in principle, who has reverence for truth and religion and courageously follows their teaching. Employment awaits his coming and honor crowns his path. More than all this conscious of rectitude, he meets the cares of life with courage, the duties which confront him discharges with many honesty."

WILLIAM MCKINLEY.

Many a man pays for his success with a slice of his constitution—Selected.

Dangers of the Grip.

The greatest danger from La Grippe is of its resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken all danger will be avoided. Among the tens or thousands who have used this remedy for the grippe we have yet to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia which shows conclusively that this remedy is a certain preventive of that dangerous disease. It will cure the grippe in less time than any other treatment. It is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by F. W. Hall Mde Co.

An Honest Confession.

"I hereby announce myself a candidate for anything and everything in sight. The more lucrative the position the greater my satisfaction will be, but I will rest more or less contented with anything from pump inspector to railroad commissioner.

"I take this action voluntarily and without any solicitation on the part of my friends. I have never believed in the theory of the office seeking the man, and have always been of the opinion that Cincinnati was dead wrong. If he were living now he would doubtless agree with me, or else grow gray in waiting. It is likely that some will say that I deserve nothing. Perhaps this is true. But it doesn't interfere with me wanting something, however, and wanting it bad. Hence I wait. It is quite true that I contributed neither time, money nor brains to the late campaign. But this was not wholly my fault. I possessed little, if any, of the first, still less of the second and none of the last. How then, could I expect to contribute any of the three?

"There is one thing, however, which will recommend me to the hearts of all, I vote! Yes, just a few hours after the polls were opened I deposited my ballot in the box, and I can prove it by several witnesses. Therefore, I want a job—a political job at that. If I had not voted I would ask for nothing. But as much as I did want something, and I propose to have it, too—New Berne (N. C.) Journal.

This government will not pay for the cables it cut during the war with Spain. The attorney general has decided that a military commander has the right to cut cables in the waters of an enemy, without making his country liable for damages. Cable companies had filed claims for \$30,000 for cable cutting, and these will now be turned down. The cable companies made a mint of money out of the war and the United States might put in an offset to their claims on this account. Most of the companies did more business in three months during the war than they would have done in a year or so, had there been no war.—Columbus Sun.

Sunday night Deputy Sheriff Hugh Keller, armed with a warrant and a posse, made a raid on the house of Mrs. Dora Billwiler, at Mt. Airy, Ga., to arrest a young man who is said to have been hiding there for several months. He was found above the ceiling, where he entered by means of a hole prepared for this purpose, but made his escape barefooted, and some say, in woman's attire. In the back yard he encountered one of the posse, with whom several shots were exchanged.

We have been approached in our magisterial capacity in regard to the fee for marrying couples and asked to make a reduction for a club of six. We respectfully declined to consider a clubbing offer. Our fee, like that of a coozer, is simply for assembling, when the material is furnished, and it is the same for a large tub or a little krink.—Johnson City (Tenn.) Camel.

For La Grippe.

Thomas Whitfield & Co., 240 Washburn av., corner Jackson-st., one of Chicago's oldest and most prominent druggists, recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for La Grippe as not only gives a prompt and complete relief, but also counteracts any tendency of the grippe to result in pneumonia. For sale by F. W. Hall Mde Co.

Frozen North Prices.

At Dawson City where adventurers on the way to the Klondike lay in their supplies, there is a population of 20,000 and a transient population of as many more, not a single trading or commercial co. is owned by Canadians. Every business is operated by Americans, and the highest prices paid for American-manufactured articles, such as hats, shoes, rubber goods and supplies. Three companies supply the Yukon river towns. The prices for goods are enormous. Here are a few samples:

Bacon per pound from 30 to 50 cents.
Butter per pound \$1.
Coffee per pound from 75 cents to \$1.
Corn meal per pound \$1.
Coal oil per gallon \$1.50.
Flour per hundred \$16.00.
Matches per bunch 25 cents.
Pepper per pound \$2.
Pickles per pint \$1.50.
Rice per pound 30 cents.
Salt per pound 20 cents.
Soap per pound 25 cents.
Sugar per pound from 25 to 30 cents.
Tea per pound from \$1 to \$2.
Tobacco—plug, per pound \$2.
Smoking tobacco, cut, per pound \$2.50.
Axes each \$3.50.
Nails per pound 25 cents.
Saucers and cups per dozen \$9.
Stoves each \$25.
Spoons per dozen \$3.
Blankets per pound \$2.
Boots, leather, per pair from \$6 to \$10.
Hats, each \$6.

To Make the Future.

The man who makes of himself the greatest success is the man who under adverse circumstances, takes off his coat, rolls up his sleeves and sails in to make the most of what he has. When everything is prosperous and there is plenty in the land, and customers crowd about the counters, the need is not so great. Now is the time for our people to get down to work. The tide has turned in our direction. Let us take advantage of it, throw out hooks in all directions and land as much fish as we can. Our boat is as seaworthy and as competent to handle and take care of as many industries as those of anybody else. Let us not sit down with tilted-back chairs and feet comfortably elevated, believing that what will be will be and what will not be will not happen. Let us force it to be. There has never been a time in our history when we could offer better inducements, when we could with pride invite capital to examine our claims and make its home among us. Our future will be what what we will choose it to be.—Roanoke Times.

An Honest Medicine for La Grippe.

George W. Waitt of South Gardner, Me., says: "I have had the worst cough, cold, chills and grip and have taken lots of trash of no account but profit to the vendor. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the only thing that has done any good whatever. I have used one 50-cent bottle and the chills, cold and grip have all left me. I congratulate the manufacturers of a honest medicine." For sale by F. W. Hall Mde Co.

The consumption of the flesh of horses, mules and donkeys is increasing in Paris. During the past year there were slaughtered for this purpose 21,667 horses, fifty two mules and 310 donkeys.

Send in a dollar for your county paper, read it and be happy.

A Big Wheat Field.

There is a wheat field in California containing 25,000 acres, near Clovis, Cal. The planting of this immense track began the middle of last July, and it is hoped to complete it by the first of January. To do the work 200 men, more than 1000 horses and several tons of big machinery are necessary. An idea of the immensity of the field may be obtained from an article in the San Francisco Call: "Suppose the field was one mile wide and forty miles long, and the one man had a double gang plough cutting a furrow twenty-four inches wide. He would start at a corner of the field in San Francisco and plough south toward San Jose, a distance of forty miles. Then he would come back and cut another furrow to San Francisco, making eighty miles for the round trip. This amount of work would only be a tiny scratch four feet wide along one side of the 40-mile field, and the process would have to be repeated at least 1300 times, making a total distance of about 105,000 miles. Suppose that the ploughman worked at the rate of twenty miles a day. To get over the 105,000 miles would take 5250 days. To plant would take about the same time, making a total of 10,500 days, or nearly thirty years. It would be like spending a lifetime, and the distance traveled would be equivalent to going around the world four times. And all in one California wheat field."

Pecans in Texas.

Mr. F. A. Swinden, of Brownwood, Texas, who has 400 acres in pecans ranging from three to ten years old, is inclined to encourage the cultivation of the nut. He sets forth as his reasons the following in the Dallas News:

"Take a tree, say twelve years old; it will bear two bushels or eighty-six pounds, to the tree, at three to six cents per pound for common wild nuts and ten to twelve cents for extra large cultivated nuts. That would mean to one planting extra size nuts (for they reproduce themselves when planted) a profit of \$10 per tree, or \$270 per acre, for there are twenty-seven trees to the acre at 40x40 feet, and the expense of gathering would be more than paid from interculture of the land in Bermuda or some orchard grass. Calculate, if you will, the profits to be derived from 400 acres at the rate of \$250 per acre, and we have \$100,000. This seems enormous, but it will exceed \$100,000 when the orchard comes into full bearing."

Several weeks ago Richmond P. Hobson, the hero of the Merumac, went on a kissing expedition out west. On his extended tour he had occasion to stop over hours in St. Louis. Here he was given a grand ovation by the young ladies. In four hours and thirty minutes he had performed the marvelous feat of kissing 413 girls. How remarkable! But what the young men of that town did for these young ladies was an abundance. When the shades of evening had fallen seventy-eight of St. Louis' elite organized themselves into an anti Hobson league with this motto: "Lips that touch Hobson shall never touch mine." So note it be!

General John M. Palmer, who ran on the Palmour and Buckner ticket for the presidency in 1896, has lost the sight of his right eye and his hearing is so much impaired that he has been obliged to abandon his law practice.

O. J. LILLY,

Attorney at Law,
Dahlonega, Ga.

General practice in all the Courts. Special attention to Corporation, Mining Law and Abstracts of Titles. Prompt attention to collections. Oct. 21 98.

Dr. H. C. WHEELER,

Physician & Surgeon,
Dahlonega, Ga.

R. H. BAKER,
Attorney at Law,
Dahlonega, Ga.

All legal business promptly attended to. Mr. 1 ly

R. M. BRAYSON,

Attorney at Law,
Dahlonega, Ga.

OFFICE WITH PRICE & CHAMBERS. Special attention given to collections. All legal business attended to promptly. Jan 13 99.

\$100 REWARD

—FOR ANY—

SEWING

MACHINE,

ORGAN,

PIANO,

WATCH or CLOCK

That I cannot repair

in first class style.

I have had 20 years experience in the business and if you will give me a trial you will be convinced that I know my business. If you will not mind me by mail of any repairs you want done I will have my agent to call on you and give you an estimate of the repairs free of charge. A nice line of

WATCHES, CLOCKS, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, SPECTACLES, JEWELRY, ETC.

kept in stock. Thanking you for past favors and I solicit your patronage in the future.

Respectfully,
G. H. McGUIRE.

Don't Neglect Your Liver.

Liver troubles quickly result in serious complications, and the man who neglects his liver has little regard for health. A bottle of Brown's Iron Bitters taken now and then will keep the liver in perfect order. If the disease has developed, Brown's Iron Bitters will cure it permanently. Strength and vitality will always follow its use. Brown's Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

Hatfield & Evans'

Feed and Livery Stables.

Best attention given to stock. Horses and vehicles can be had both day and night at reasonable prices. Located in building below College Street bridge near Public Square. nov 4 98

NOTICE FOR PARTITION OF LAND.

John P. Stegall, Plaintiff for partition of land in vs. Mrs. Carmie Faulkner, April Term 1899, To Mrs. Carmie Faulkner.

You are hereby commanded to appear at the next Superior Court for Lumpkin county, Georgia, on the 3rd Monday in April, 1899, to answer the plaintiff's petition in the above stated case.

Witness the Hon. J. J. KIMSEY, This December, 21st, 1898. JAMES H. MOORE, Clerk.

THE NUGGET.

DAHLONEGA, GA., FEB. 17, '99.
Entered at the Dahlonega, Ga. P. O.
as Second Class Matter.

Gainesville is speaking of having a boys high school.

The treaty of peace has received the signature of the President.

A fine horse brought \$10,000 in Lexington, Ky., one day last week.

The salaries of school teachers for January will not be paid until March.

There is a good deal of small pox in some parts of Georgia but it is of a mild type.

It is estimated that 60,000 sheep died in Southern Colorado during last week's cold wave.

Distressing news comes from the Klondike regions. Many river boats are now fast in the ice and people are freezing to death.

The drunken negro soldier cursed ladies in east Athens the other day. In such a case they should disrobe him of his cap and uniform and wear a bow hide out on his bare skin.

Bro. Craig, of the Eagle has been confined to his bed for several days threatened with pneumonia. We trust that he is up by this time as the readers of that paper miss his able editorials.

The house naval construction bill calls for an appropriation of upward of \$40,000,000 for a new addition to our steel navy. This will be the largest expenditure for such a purpose ever made by this country at one time.

Frank Wheelchel while in Dahlonega last Saturday, informed us that he had been strongly endorsed for post master at Price. We hope that he will get it for an office is badly needed by the people of that section.

The second Ohio regiment of soldiers robbed wagons loaded with goods in Macon the other day. Col. Kuerst is to blame. He went to Macon with feelings of hatred toward the southern people and he did not try to control his men in this robbery.

The politicians are already stating Col. Tom Hutchinson, of Canton for the next Judge of the Blue Ridge circuit. Colonel Tom used to go to College in Dahlonega and has many friends here who would like to see him appointed to this position. He is at present Solicitor General of that circuit.

Joseph Kelsay, a 14-year-old boy suicided in Atlanta one day last week by taking morphine on account of the conduct of his mother. The little fellow woke up Friday night and found a married man in his mother's room. The boy remarked that he ought to be at home and then afterwards killed himself.

The decayed beef furnished the American soldiers during the late war has caused much trouble and comment. For weeks and weeks an investigation has been going on. But strange to say that they have never had a single private who ate the beef on the stand. There is entirely too much red tape about this investigation.

A most peculiar accident happened to Mr. John Westberry's little one-and-a-half-old child near Olen last week. While the mother was preparing breakfast the little one got to the coffee pot, which was full of almost boiling coffee, and turned the spout to its mouth and drank enough that scalded it so severely that it died in a few hours.

Admiral George Dewey has purchased thirty acres of land on Gerfish Island, between Manila and New Hampshire, and on his return from Manila he will erect a cottage there, it is said, and live on the island. Admiral Dewey is a son-in-law of the late Ichabod Goodwin, at one time governor of the state of New Hampshire, who once owned the island.

The Stock Law Election.

The stock law election for the town district passed off very quiet last Wednesday, although much interest was taken in it on both sides, resulting in 117 for fence and 51 for stock law, giving the poor man the benefit of the grass for a while longer.

Notwithstanding some praying men who had asked the Lord to bless the widows and the orphans, they went up to the polls and voted against their interest and got mad because others didn't do the same thing, proving that they didn't want what they prayed for, but were looking after self interest. It might have been that they prayed in public one way and privately another. Any way the Lord is a friend to the poor and needy and blessed them on this occasion.

After the result was announced we got us a cow bell and enjoyed a bell serenade with the boys and then went home and told our old cow to go down on preacher Joe Browns or Judge Britains lands where she could eat the green grass in the spring and be welcomed.

Sending Off Too Much Money.

The Atlanta Journal has a communication from a merchant of that city calling attention to the fact that he has received a car load of turnips from Canada. As long as we have to send to Canada for turnips, to California for dried peaches, and to the west for corn and bacon, prosperity in Georgia is a Utopian dream.—Washington Gazette.

This is just along the line we have been arguing, but don't forget the hay. An immense sum of money is sent from the south every year to pay for hay when we have thousands of tons of the finest grass going to waste on the farms. We can raise our own turnips, dried peaches, corn and bacon, but we should not forget to raise hay.—Columbus Sun.

And here in Dahlonega people send to Gainesville, a distance of 25 miles and haul their lumber when 85 per cent of the land of Lumpkin county is timbered, producing some of as fine stock for lumber as can be found on the globe.

Last Saturday night a mob overpowered the sheriff of Lee county, battered down the jail doors and took out Redding and his two helpers, who were guilty of one of the most atrocious and brutal crimes that has occurred in a long time, and swung them to a tree. Late in December the three men entered the home of John Maroney, a school teacher, who lived near Leesburg. The couple were overpowered, and Redding ordered Mrs. Maroney, to tie her husband to the bed post. The negroes then ransacked the house, and having completed this part of their work, Redding outraged Mrs. Maroney in sight of her infuriated and helpless husband.

Your Doctor Knows

Your doctor knows all about foods and medicines. The next time you see him, just ask him what he thinks of

Scoll's Emulsion

of Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. We are willing to trust in his answer. For twenty-five years doctors have prescribed our Emulsion for paleness, weakness, nervous exhaustion, and for all diseases that cause loss in flesh.

Its creamy color and its pleasant taste make it especially useful for thin and delicate children. No other preparation of cod-liver oil is like it. Don't lose time and waste your health by taking something unknown and untried. Keep in mind that SCOLL'S EMULSION has stood the test for a quarter of a century.

See and hear all drugists. SCOLL & BOWEN, Chemists, New York.

Seventeen females of the insane asylum at Yankton, S. D., burnt to death last Sunday in one of the buildings.

Meal, butter, chickens, eggs and all other articles of country produce have been scarce in our market for the past few days.

The state appropriation of \$230,000 for pensions to widows of Confederate soldiers is about exhausted. The money was distributed in all sections of the state.

It seems that Sunday is a very successful day for the Americans to fight. All her big battles have been fought on that day resulting in her favor by a large majority.

As a proof that there has been a great revival of interest in gold mining in Georgia Atlanta is to have a smelting establishment built at which all grades of can be economically treated.

It was the coldest weather in Chicago last week that has been for 30 years. King winter raled with an icy hand through the northwest generally and many persons froze to death.

Montezuma council will likely raise the liquor tax in that city to \$500. This is worse for the poor women and children. For he who drinks it will have it matters not what it costs and the women and children are the sufferers after all.

Some of the citizens of Adams-ville are boasting because they have a pretty young lady who can throw a two bushel sack of corn on a mule. Lumpkin county has numbers of just such strong and industrious girls, who after throwing the corn on the mule hop up on the animal and go to mill.

The monitor Monadscock and the cruiser Charleston shelled the town of Molabon all in the forenoon of last Saturday. The Americans lost only three killed and thirty-two wounded. The insurgents loss was heavier. The towns of Lake Laguno and Debay, having about 1,500 inhabitants each, have surrendered to the Americans.

At Wilmington, Del., three culprits were placed in the pillory for an hour at the jail yard last Saturday, and were covered up with blankets, but when released were so humiliated that they could not stand on account of the extreme cold weather. After being thawed two or three were sent to the whipping post, where they were given forty lashes causing the blood to trickle from their wounds.

Here is another remedy for the grip. A level teaspoonful of common cooking soda dissolved in two-thirds of a glass of water, repeat every two hours until soreness and headache are gone; then one extra dose for good measure. It is not best to take a dose just before or just after eating. It is seldom necessary to take more than three or four doses. The above is the dose for grown patients. Lessen the dose for children according to age.

An exchange says that every paper in the state should publish the fact that burnt corn is a sure cure for hog cholera. It was first discovered by burning a pile of corn belonging to a distillery. It was thrown to the hogs and I eaten by them. Before that a number of them had been dying each day, but the disease immediately disappeared. It is so simple a remedy that it can be easily tried, and if it is found efficacious should be generally used as a preventive.

An Honest Medicine for La Grippe.

George W. Waitt of South Gardiner, Me., says: "I have had the worst cough, cold, chills and grip and have taken lots of trash of no account but profit to the vendor. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the only thing that has done any good whatever. I have used one 50-cent bottle and the chills, cold and grip have all left me. I congratulate the manufacturers of a honest medicine." For sale by F. W. Hall Mds Co.

Mr. Whorton has suspended work at the Calhoun until probably the first of April on account of the disagreeable weather. The reports of the mill and other necessary improvements cannot be carried on to any advantage until the weather becomes more settled.

The cold wave seemed to make a clean sweep this week, causing much distress all over the whole country. In the vicinity of Leadville, Col., it snowed for nineteen days in succession blockading the railroads and cutting off the towns from fuel and provisions. Even in Atlanta the street cars ceased moving. In Louisiana it killed the orange trees and the crop will be a failure. It was one of the severest cold waves that has come from the Northwest for years.

It Hangs On

If it was only health, we might let it fly. But it is a cough. One cold no sooner passes off before another comes, and it's the same old cough all the time. And it's the same old story, too. There is first the cold, then the cough, then the pneumonia or consumption with the long sickness, and life trembling in the balance.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

loosens the grasp of your cough. The congestion of the throat and lungs is removed; all inflammation is subdued; the parts are put perfectly at rest and the cough drops away. It has no diseased tissues on which to hang.

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

draws out inflammation of the lungs.

Advice Free.—Should you have a Medical Department. If you have any complaint which ever existed the best medical advice you can possibly get, free of charge, will receive a prompt reply. Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

GEORGIA—Lumpkin County. Scene, Latham, Polly Latham, Pearl Goodlock, Albert Goodlock, Ann Colner, N. Mays, Mary Meaders, Mary Hutchinson, Nancy F. Reese, Sarah Meaders, Nannie M. Adams, Elizabeth Wheelchel, Patrick Wheelchel, Moses Wheelchel, Jr., Silas Wheelchel, Frank Wheelchel, Lizzie Cartrell, Nancy Blackwell, Mar on Blackwell, Glenn Blackwell, John Blackwell, Jackson Blackwell, and Minnie Jackson. Frank Reese having applied, as executor, for the probate in solemn form of the last will and testament of Nancy W. Wimpy of said county, you, as heirs at law of said Nancy W. Wimpy, are hereby cited and required to be and appear at the court of Ordinary for said county on the first Monday in March, 1899, when said application for probate will be heard.

W. H. C. TATE, Ordinary.
To all whom it may concern: G. McGaire of said state having applied to me for letters of administration with the Will annexed jointly with Frank I. Reese, executor, on the estate of NANCY W. WIMPY, late of said county, this is to certify and singular the credit of a true and correct copy of said will to be and appear at the court of Ordinary for said county on the first Monday in March, 1899, when said application for probate will be heard. Witness my official signature this 21 day of February, 1899.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone wishing a patent or copyright may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is really patentable. Communications should be made to the Scientific American, 375 Broadway, New York, N.Y., or to the Scientific American, 25 South Street, Boston, Mass., or to the Scientific American, 100 Nassau Street, New York, N.Y.

BARGAIN BARGAINS, BARGAINS.

The Frank W. Hall Mdse Co.
Grand Clearing Out Sale.

We are not going to quit business but must make room now for our

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

which we intend to put in. Monday, Jan. 23rd, we will begin this slaughter sale. The following is a sample of prices we will make:

500 yds calico worth 5c. now 2 1/2 c.	500 yds calico worth 5 1/2 c. now 4c.	500 yds gingham worth 7 now 4 1/2 c.	500 yds gingham worth 8 now 5 c.	200 yds 54 inch Water Proof different patterns, 60 now 40c.	Fast black Silkotine worth 20 now 15c.	Best grades black Satteen worth 20 now 15c.	Good quality Satteen worth 10 now 7 1/2 c.	All wool Brocades worth 17 now 12 1/2 c.	Mohair Brocades worth 20 now 13 1/2 c.	Nice line Percales worth 10 now 7 1/2 c.	Assorted lot of Table Linin 30 to 60c.	Full line best dress Plaids 8 to 15c.	Good quality white 10-4 Blanks sets \$1.00 per pair.	Gray Blankets 60c per pair.	Good quality Ticking 9c.	Best quality Ticking A. C. A. 12 1/2 c.	Gents all wool Shirts 40c to \$1.	Nice line Ladies and Gents underwear including few Union suits at prices that will astonish you.	Complete line Gents furnishing goods cheap.	50 suits fall and winter clothing at and below cost. A big bargain in these.	Large line of hats at a sacrifice.
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We make a specialty of MINING SUPPLIES. Our stock of Family and Fancy Groceries is complete. We solicit your patronage and ask your inspection. Respectfully,

The Frank W. Hall Mdse Co.

GOTO

GOODMAN McGUIRES

FOR

COFFINS, CASKETS,

And Coffin Supplies.

All sizes and prices on hand at the Goodman Hughes Corner, Dahlonega.

Also All Kinds of GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Sept 2 98

BARGAIN STORE

J. F. MOORE

Is Still Headquarters For

DRY GOODS, SHOES

"Bread is the Staff of Life, Groceries.

Hardware,

Mining Supplies,

Hats,

CLOTHING.

AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

You will find it to your interest to come and examine goods and prices before making purchases.

Respectfully,

J. F. MOORE

THE NUGGET.

DAHLONEGA, GA., FEB. 17, '99

Fodder is now being hauled to Dahlonega from White county which sells at \$1.50 per hundred.

We keep a lot of type writing paper on hand which we will be pleased to furnish you either blank or printed. Call and get what you want.

As it was too cold and snowy to have meeting at either of the churches last Sunday, a number of persons (among them members of the church) went rabbit hunting.

There has been but very little mining done in this section for some days on account of the severe cold weather. The underground laborers are the only ones that could continue their work during the cold wave.

Dahlonega has been visited within the past three months by the "yellow janders" grip and stock law. Either produces much suffering. It is hard to tell which produces the most misery and distress, the jaundice, grip or stock law.

Capt. F. W. Hall who is wintering down in Florida, wrote back last week that the weather was pleasant enough down there for him to sit out in his shirt sleeves. At the same time in Dahlonega it was cold enough to freeze a mans over coat off of him, and then it was not as cold here as it was in the West.

F. J. Williams, of Union county, spent several days in Dahlonega last week. Fulton has many warm friends in Dahlonega both male and female. The little black mustached fellow of the mountain is such a lady charmer that some of the women here, both married and single, wash their faces and put on a clean dress every time he comes over.

We over heard a sixteen-year-old boy, who was leaving school, telling one of his friends the other day what amount of money he had and how he expected to dispose of it. It seems that he had \$3.85. He said that two of it was to pay his fare to Gainesville, \$1.60 to Atlanta, leaving him 25 cents for which he would give for a pint of liquor. Well if he continues this way until he is twenty-one he will make a man but we do not pretend to say what kind of a one.

James Wootton formerly of Lumpkin county, but now of White, was in town Saturday with a load of fodder and a barrel of pickled beans. Jim had recently served out a sentence in Fulton county's fine jail for dabbling in liquor and from his actions he has "got enough." So afraid was he that he would be suspected of selling liquor that after disposing of his beans he turned up the barrel and left town riding it it.

We were very much amused at one of our Auraria district friends the other day who lives near eight miles from Dahlonega. He had come from home that morning and while in the office transacting some business a breakfast bell rang at one of our private boarding houses. He thought it was an alarm for fire and started out in a run when we got his attention long enough to explain that it meant for the boarders to come and eat. He is a farmer and an early riser and is not used to the rules of late risers.

During the cold wave we, together with many others in Dahlonega got out of wood and it was impossible for teamsters to get to town with the fuel. We remembered often hearing the minister say that whatsoever we needed all we had to do was to ask of Him and we would receive. We tried this but no wood was sent us, nothing but rain and snow. After waiting several days we were convinced that if we depended on getting our wood in this manner we would freeze to death. So we hustled around and made other arrangements.

Mrs. Mary Marlow is still quite sick.

As we go to press most of the snow is gone but it is raining.

When meeting a stranger never fail to speak a good word for Dahlonega.

Capt. Asbury and Senator Underwood, of White county, are in Dahlonega on business.

It has been so cold most of this week that no one could come to town to give us any locals.

To-morrow is the day the ordinary advertisers to contract for the building of the Davis bridge.

E. S. Copeland has received a portion of his stock of goods and opened out ready for business.

The Ellijay and Gadistown mails failed to "move" first of the week on account of the blizzard.

A. F. Stow, who went to Gainesville for a load of freight was gone seven days during the late cold spell.

Six different families have had to move this week in Dahlonega on account of the changing of hands of real estate.

Miss Bessie, daughter of ex-Senator Strickland, of Dawson county, spent several days in Dahlonega this week.

Visitors to town Wednesday did not get so much interested in the stock law election as to forget to subscribe for the NUGGET.

Hon. F. M. Williams, after being housed up for a month was able to get out last Wednesday and vote in the stock law election.

There was no college exercises last Tuesday and the young folks enjoyed themselves writing valentines and skating and playing in the snow.

Deputy Marshal Grizzle and Deputy Collector Carter went out on a raid Wednesday but got nothing. It has even been too cold for the blockaders to work.

Mr. Bigbee, who has been a resident of Auraria district for several years, is in Dahlonega where we are informed, he will remain until he leaves Lumpkin county for his old home.

Cols. Lilly and Bryson attended Dawson county court this week. It was certainly a cold time for court but most every body that goes to Dawsonville get warmed up of court weeks.

There has been no carpenters work going on in Dahlonega during the last ten days of any consequence on account of the weather. Either for the want of lumber or being too cold to work.

The cold weather will likely be the cause of us having a good fruit crop this year. The trees are chilled so that it will be some time before they will bloom out. Maybe by that time jack frost will have disappeared for the season.

Jones & Brooksher have been taking stock this week. They will dissolve and the latter gentleman will open out in the store house purchased by him some time ago, while we suppose the former will continue at the same old stand.

It turns out that James B. Anderson was only talking a little loud the other night against the stock law election and disturbed no one unless it was some one that favored the law, and the conversation or argument cost him nothing.

It is said that one "stock law" man treated a negro on so many soda crackers to get him to vote for it that when he walked the crackers in him rattled like paper. Then he went off and got him a drink of water and voted for fence.

Prices do our talking. A few nice shawl fascinators 28c. A few dozen barrels carpet tacks 2c per barrel. A nice line of gents' linen collars 10 and 12 cents. Celluloid collars 5 and 8 cents. Good shoes for men and women cheap. 4 qt. coffee pots 11c. 8 quart tin buckets 11c. Glassware cheap. Ink 3c. B. R. READERS & SON.

The NUGGET is the paper for you if you wish all the news.

The article of "influence of parents," written by a young lady will appear next week.

G. D. Bruce has purchased the house and lot below the jail which belonged to J. M. Brooksher.

Rev. D. M. Edwards gave a supper last Friday which was enjoyed by quite a number of his special friends.

Last Friday is the first time the mining operations had to be suspended in this section on account of the cold weather for years.

Frank Wheelchel and Aey Crenshaw came up last Saturday and signed the bond of Wm. Palmour, who was confined in jail charged with arson.

This week during the cold wave the wood hauler got his own price for wood. A load which had herebefore been selling for 50 cents brought \$1.00.

The Hall House is the leading hotel in Dahlonega. It is conveniently located and has all the conveniences to make it comfortable and desirable. See card elsewhere.

Last Saturday W. B. Owen, who was put in jail a few days previous charged with unmercifully whipping his child, made bond and was released. A. B. Crenshaw signed the bond.

The subscription to a telephone line from Dahlonega to Gainesville is increasing rapidly and it won't be long until they will get the required amount. And soon thereafter we can begin to talk to the people of Gainesville by wire.

As we have before stated we have the cleverest sheriff in the State. He walked four miles the other day during the blizzard to get a man to sign a persons bond who was in jail. It was not an electioneering scheme either because the prisoner didn't reside in the county.

Virge Moose undertook to cure the grip by putting a pint of sulphur in a gallon of rye liquor and drink without shaking. He still has the grip and the sulphur. He is a stock law man without a foot of land and a cow explains his strange actions in trying to cure the grip this way.

Presiding Elder Cook returned home last Friday after an absence of several days, during which time he has been wrestling with the grip. He is recovering, however, which shows that the grip does not deal ministers as heavy a blow as it does country editors, for we have had it for more than three weeks.

As Lumpkin county's paupers home has no inmates and is not likely to have any, why wouldn't it be a good idea to let some one have the farm for so much standing rent per annum and in case any one should come in have an understanding with the keeper or renter what price he will be allowed for keeping such person or persons. It seems to us that this would be a better plan than the present system. The idea of paying a person fifty or sixty dollars per annum to look after inmates and no one there, is ridiculous.

Some misunderstanding about some legal notices last week caused them not to appear in the NUGGET then. We hope that our explanation about the matter was satisfactory. However, if any one drew their pants on wrong side in front about the matter they way we endeavor to treat everybody alike.

The ordinary says that the editors of the NUGGET and Signal should understand each other about the legal advertising. We think we do, and that is for every person to pay for legal advertising in advance. This is the law. And if any one does not wish to comply with the rule and the ordinary desires to stick the notice up on a tree, it is all right with us. We are neither begging nor borrowing and we trust that we won't be forced to steal.

The stock law election in Martin's Ford district takes place on the 28th inst.

The pension checks for the wounded soldiers have been received by the Ordnary.

It was even too cold last Monday for the boys to snow ball. No one came out unless they had special business.

The weather was so cold last Monday that the Dahlonega wagon train failed to make the trip to Gainesville being the first time that it has missed for a number of years.

We were visited by a snow last Sunday morning measuring some four or five inches in depth. Sunday night the clouds cleared away, turning cold and giving us the coldest weather we have had in a number of years.

It seems that John Davis, a son of ex-marshal Jim Davis, is afraid of fire. A few days ago while he was at work at the Betz mine his "shanty" caught a fire and burnt up, destroying all his "household and kitchen furniture." John left out immediately for New Orleans.

Nearly all the hens suspended laying during the recent cold weather, and those that didn't got their eggs froze and bursted which will cause the supply of chickens to be cut short if there is not a change soon, causing a sigh of regret among the Methodist ministers.

A. F. McDonald, who built the Davis bridge in was in town the other day and stated that he would repair the old one for \$50 and insure it for ten years. Judge Tate has already advertised for bids for the construction of a new bridge at this place but if he can get the repairs made good which will last ten years he should not run the county to the expense of building a new one.

Last Saturday Charley Roberts and Lester Cavender got on a tare and Charlie undertook to paint the town red by taking out his knife and attempted to carve John Castleberry, colored. Marshal Worley came along and escorted the boys to the calaboose where they were let remain until they cooled off and Charlie's appetite for blood was not so great. Fine two and cost each.

Preacher Edwards could do a good business in the detective work should the members of his church fail to do their duty and let his meat tub get empty. The other night while returning home at a late hour he met some one who he had a curiosity to see who he was and what he had. He raised his bulls eye lantern and discovered that he was face to face with a negro having a chicken under his arm. We don't mean to insinuate that the negro had stole the fowl. No sir. Doubtless he belongs to some society which opposes any cruel treatment to animals, who could see no good reasons why fowls should be protected too and had lifted the chicken from the roost, placed it under his coat where it could keep warm until it reached home when and where he would put an end to the poor things misery by placing it in the pot.

Minister Edwards, after having been missing his wood nearly every cold night since he has been in Dahlonega decided the other night that he would watch for the parties. Just about one o'clock two well known young men to the minister, went to where he had near four cords chopped up and commenced to supply themselves. He said nothing until one started off with his arms full. Mr. Edwards raised the window and in a clear and distinct voice says, "what are you doing there?" They made no reply of course but the fellow with the wood dropped it together with his companion, lit out across the street, breaking the ice and knocking the mud hole so dry that nothing but a little pile of dust could be seen at that spot the next morning. Of course this good man remembers these boys in his prayers. We would, and ask that the devil be sent at once after all wood thieves.

Send us the news of your section.

Some one relieved Presiding Elder Cook's stable of about fifty bundles of fodder the other night.

From the present indications it will be several months yet before the Dahlonega public school opens out.

If February continues like it set in we will have to change the name of this country to something else besides the "Sunny South."

It was so cold last Monday that several merchants failed to open out their stores. Nearly all of them lost their ink, pepper sauce and such other articles as freeze. Some of our citizens had lamp oil to freeze.

Mrs. Bev. Brooksher fell Monday while carrying a heavy stick of wood on her shoulder and received painful if not serious injuries. The stick weighed about 100 pounds, injuring both her back and breast.

Guy Reese returned to Gadsden, Ala., last Wednesday where he will resume work for the government. Guy is one of Dahlonega's best young men, having a host of friends here who wish him success wherever he goes.

Geo. Sissum says that a burglar entered his house the other night. We don't know how he knows for he did not recognize the intruder who left without carrying anything. George drew his large pistol on him but didn't fire.

Scott Chapman and John Bufington, of Auraria district, were arrested by Sheriff Davis Wednesday for breaking into Dan Wilson's house and carrying away, meat, coffee, meal, etc. Some of the articles were found in Chatman's house by the Sheriff.

We notice on the register of the Hall House the names of Messrs. Geo. F. Case and P. M. Campbell, the latter being from Detroit, Mich., and the former from Overton, Tenn. We do not know the object of their visit but notice that they are inspecting the mines.

James L. Rice, one of our deposit miners who has been following the business nearly all his life, takes the rheumatism every time he remains out of the water three or four days. Cold water seems to be the only thing that will relieve his suffering.

There came near being a wood famine in Dahlonega during the cold wave. Only two men run their teams Monday, who got one dollar for each load of wood as fast as they could haul it and then were unable to supply the demand.

Little George Sissum has been made happy again by the appearance of another boy down at his house. George weighs less than a hundred pounds and if the boy has good luck it will soon be as big as its father. George is getting ready for the next war. He now has nine children and one son-in-law.

Prof. Gaillard was very much surprised last Sunday night when he went out to his thermometer and found it at ten degrees below zero. James Davis' dog died from the effects of the cold and we heard of several chickens freezing during the first of the week. No doubt it will kill all the patridges like it did some years ago.

City Marshal Worley went over to near the cemetery last Monday to see if the poor woman, referred to last week, needed any thing to eat or wood to burn. He found that she had more wood than he had at his house and all the floor and other necessities of life that she could wish which had been sent in by the kind and sympathetic citizens of Dahlonega. And there she sat apparently as happy as a queen, the snow on the floor which had been blown in by the wind the day before. Either poverty or laziness is bad enough but when you take a person who is affected by both it makes it much worse. Any woman can sweep her house at least once a day.

Mining Notes.

Mr. Waraer, of Chattanooga, who recently visited the gold fields of Lumpkin county, and had much to report about their richness when he returned home was asked, "If all the gold you told about is in the ground at Dahlonega, why have not the gold hunters long before now gotten it all out? Why hasn't the world known about it?"

In reply he says, "I might say that the gold of Cripple Creek and the Klondyke was in the ground 6,000 years before the people found out about it. "But the question can be answered in a direct manner and very satisfactory," continued Mr. Warner. "Before there was no method for anything in the way of getting gold except placer mining. The war came on and bankrupted the south. The United States government opened up the western country, and the tide of emigration began flowing that way. The tide has now turned, and with the introduction of machinery to handle the ores and save 95 per cent. of the gold from them, there will be—in fact, has already begun—a revolution in Southern gold mining. The difference between the west and the south in this respect will be the difference between speculation and investment. The mills of the south are operating and will increase in their operations on a business principle as simple as taking corn to a grist mill to have it ground, and gold mining, in that respect, is put upon as high respectable, and certain basis as the mining and manufacture of iron, with a market for the product that is absolutely unalterable."

Charles S. Marsland, of Manchester, England, who spent about six months last year in the mining districts of Georgia principally in White and Lumpkin county, has arrived in our town with his charming wife and youngest son, Master Reginold. They are pleasantly located at the Hall Villa where they contemplate making a lengthy stay, as Mr. Marsland and some English friends are largely interested in mining properties in this section. Mr. Marsland has secured a large and valuable mining property consisting of about 3,000 acres lying in the 15th district and first section of Lumpkin county, and in the Dahlonega gold belt, covering an area of about 2 miles square of the mining property, being from four to six miles North east of Dahlonega. He has also secured the water right of way for a ditch from Brights Creek and other streams which will afford sufficient water to do a large amount of hydraulic mining and will be of immense value for running machinery in successfully working the mines in that section. The ditch has been surveyed by Hall Bros. of Atlanta, Ga., to carry water upon this mining property which is about 13 miles long, and at the point where it reaches the gold belt upon it crosses the water in the ditch has an elevation of 450 feet above the Chatstee river. The purposes of this party is at the earliest day to complete the ditch and to erect the most improved machinery for working the mines upon this property on a large scale. Mr. Marsland has taken ore from many of the gold bearing veins on the property and had 32 assays made in England and they showed an average of \$22.75 per ton. Many other assays have been made by W. R. Crandall, a noted chemist, and also by Mr. Goode, of Atlanta. W. S. Yeates, State Geologist, has also spent several days in examining this property and has made assays from the ore taken by him which showed good results. He has made a report and a map of this special property which is embodied in his official report to the State. We extend to Mr. Marsland and his parties a cordial welcome and predict that when this property is fully developed they will realize large and remunerative results.

The NUGGET gives only reliable mining news.

Dahlonega Nugget.

Good Advertising Medium.

Devoted to Local, Mining and General Information.

One Dollar Per Annum

VOL. X—NO. 10.

DAHLONEGA, GA., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1899.

W. B. TOWNSEND, Editor and Proprietor.

MOTHER! There is no word so full of meaning and about which such tender and holy recollections cluster as that of "MOTHER"—she who watched over our helpless infancy and guided our first tottering step. Yet the life of every Expectant Mother is beset with danger and all effort should be made to avoid it. so assists nature in the changeful place that the Expectant Mother is enabled to look forward without dread, suffering or gloomy forebodings, to the hour when she experiences the joy of Motherhood. Its use insures safety to the lives of both Mother and Child, and she is found stronger after than before confinement—in short, it "makes Childbirth natural and easy," as so many have said. Do not be persuaded to use anything but

MOTHER'S FRIEND

"My wife suffered more in ten minutes with either of her other two children than she did with this last, having previously used four bottles of 'Mother's Friend.' It is a blessing to any one expecting to become a MOTHER," says a customer, HENDERSON DALE, Carmi, Illinois.

Of Druggists 25¢ per bottle by express on receipt of price. Write for circulars and valuable information for all Mothers Free. The Bradford-White Co., Atlanta, Ga.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Condensed Schedule of Passenger Trains.

Pondensed Schedule of Passenger Trains				
In Effect Dec. 4th, 1899				
Northbound.	No. 12	Ex. No. 30	Ex. No. 32	Ex. No. 34
	Daily	Daily	Sun.	Daily
At. Atlanta, C. T.	7:59	12:00	10:51	11:50
At. Atlanta, E. T.	8:59	1:00	11:51	12:50
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THE NUGGET.

LAHLONEGA, GA., FEB. 24, '99.

Entered at the Postoffice, Ga., P. O. as Second Class Matter.

The Nugget finds its way to the city of London.

Mrs. Annie Townsend, a sister of Mrs. J. C. Brittain, of Dahlonega, died in Dawson county on Wednesday of last week.

The Athens dispensary did a big business last year. The purchases amounted to \$43,255 and the sales to \$63,485. Expenses \$9,103.64. Net profit for the year \$11,707.66.

Senator Money has proposed a bill to the effect that the members of the crew of the Virginia butchered by the Spaniards at Santiago in 1873 shall be disinterred and brought to this country for burial. There were fifty-two of the victims.

Mr. J. M. Turner found an adder in his stove kettle last Tuesday morning. In heating water to wash the dishes the snake had been pretty well cooked. How the creature got into the kettle is a mystery.—Pikens County Herald.

Good roads and good schools go together. Either one without the other is more or less unfruitful of the best results.—Chattanooga News. Our contemporary talks out on the right line. Good roads and good schools are the two things the country needs most.—Columbus Enquirer.

John Y. Stone of Glenwood, Iowa, has what is believed to be the biggest apple orchard in the world. It embraces eight hundred acres upon which are growing 133,000 trees, most of which have reached the bearing stage. Mr. Stone was once elected attorney general of the state.

Miss Georgia Gaston, of Gainesville, will wed Mr. G. E. Dickinson, of Savannah, on the 29th of March. Miss Gaston is the beautiful and accomplished daughter of Judge J. B. Gaston, the present mayor of Gainesville, and the gentleman who weds is a wealthy cotton broker of Savannah.

Dr. Maury Stapler, of Macon, has performed an operation on a deaf and dumb young man which restored his hearing and speech. It is said to be the first successful operation of the kind on a patient over five years old. Dr. Stapler will give the operation in detail before the next meeting of the State Medical Association.

Walter P. Andrews, Secretary of So. Gold Miners' Assn., requests us to say that The Southern Gold Miners' Association will hold a very important meeting in Atlanta, March 4th proximo, at 10:30 o'clock A. M. The meeting will be in the council chamber, in the Chamber of Commerce Building. You are cordially and earnestly requested to be present.

Congress has appropriated \$10,000,000 to have erected in the Colon cemetery at Havana, Cuba, a suitable granite monument to the memory of the sailors and marines who lost their lives by the explosion of the United States battleship Maine, in the harbor of Havana on February 15, 1898, and whose remains are now buried in that cemetery, and to suitably inscribe and inclose such monument.

The 1898 session of the general assembly cost the state of Georgia \$68,474.06. The pay rolls for the legislature were made out Tuesday, and are now in the office of Treasurer Speer. The itemized sheet shows the expenses to be divided as follows: Senate, per diem, \$15,265, mileage \$1,378; expenses of committees, \$9,103 house per diem, \$43,091; mileage, \$5,032.70; expenses of committees, \$2,790.33. These figures represent the pay of 44 senators and 161 members of the house. The clerk receives \$3,850.00 and the secretary of the senate gets \$3,300. The pay of those last named officials is included in the general total of \$68,474.06.

Mining Notes.

The weather has been so bad for the past week that but very little could be done in the way of mining. The Dahlonega Consolidated have resigned their force at their different mines, as they have about all the ore out that their dump will hold and before taking out more they will have to start up their mill in order to get rid of it.

They have arranged for a hundred stamp mill at the Hand, work on which will commence as soon as the roads get in a condition so that the lumber and machinery can be hauled. In the mean time they will be opening up their different veins to be ready to put on men enough to keep the mill running.

The prospects for mining here are very bright and as soon as the weather clears up so work can be done there will be several new mills put in operation. It has been impossible to get any heavy freights transported over the bad roads. Coming of spring will open up much more activity in mining than heretofore. The Dahlonega Consolidated will have their new mill in operation as well as the Lumpkin G. M. Co., the English and the Calhoun. Besides parties are coming here looking for mining property, some having already declared their intentions of locating here and our people have already got the fever and it is likely to spread. They are busy at work repairing the old buildings and erecting new ones. The hidden treasures that have so long been in the ground undisturbed will come forth and this country will bloom like the rose in the spring.

A correspondent of the Atlanta Journal in speaking of the gold belt of Lumpkin county last week says: "The great draw back, hitherto, to the successful exploration of the North Georgia gold field has been the lack of familiarity with the peculiarities of the geological formation of this section. Unlike California, whose comparatively modern mountains present excellent opportunities for placer or surface mining, the much more disintegrated strata of the Blue Ridge requires that the actual auriferous vein be "gone down" upon, which hypothesis has been fully proven by the fact that deep sinkings have, in almost every instance, been productive of better results, the quartz being richer and more plentiful. Our miners are beginning now to realize this fact, and with improved mechanical contrivances, steam, electric and pneumatic drills, etc., the future of Georgia gold mining is becoming far more promising."

Sumpter county's list of delinquent tax-payers is larger now than ever before, perhaps, while the amount outstanding as uncollected taxes represents a snug fortune. Collector Dunn reports that nearly \$18,000 is still uncollected for the year past, which is two-thirds of the entire state and county for 1898. If, as, have been issued against each one of the army of delinquents.

Delicate Children

They do not complain of anything in particular. They eat enough, but keep thin and pale. They appear fairly well, but have no strength. You cannot say they are really sick, and so you call them delicate.

What can be done for them? Our answer is the same that the best physicians have been giving for a quarter of a century. Give them

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. It has most remarkable nourishing power. It gives color to the blood. It brings strength to the muscles. It adds power to the nerves. It means robust health and vigor. Even delicate infants rapidly gain in flesh if given a small amount three or four times each day.

See and Buy at all Druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

North Georgia's Resources.

The American people need no island to occupy their attention, says *The Conservative*, published in Nebraska city, divert their energies from home development and involve them in the perplexities and dangers of a colonial policy. The vigor and endeavor of Americans may find ample and remunerative employment of some of the uninvestigated and hidden resources of some of even the original thirteen states. Expansion of territory is not needed. Development of domains already ours is needed. As an illustration of the truth of this proposition let us look into the great state of Georgia which belonged to the original thirteen.

In northern Georgia, as any scientific tourist may demonstrate, are millions upon millions of gold sleeping in the mountains. These gigantic deposits have slumbered there for years. Their beds have been known to Americans for more than a century. Ores assaying seventeen to thirty dollars a ton in fine gold have been mined, sampled and tested in northern Georgia. And in addition to the precious metals the mountains of Georgia carry, in their rocky pockets, silver, copper and iron. The wilderness of northern Georgia invites civilization, industry, enterprise to enter upon its development and promises a reward the most stupendous possibilities in outputs of gold, iron and lumber. This empire state of the South is an Elysian almost unknown to those outside of its boundaries. In its northern counties, besides mineral wealth, are capabilities of agriculture and horticulture untold. Here and there are enough of farms and orchards to prove the strong fertility of the soil. Even in the midst of the mountains may be found patches of cultivated land which in power of crop production vie with the very best of the West.

Letter From Auraria.

AURARIA, GA., Feb. 12, 1899. ED. NUGGET:—

There is a great deal being said now about stock or no fence law in our country. While there is quite a number in favor of it there is, I hope, a larger number opposed to it. We in the country, have destroyed the range to such an extent by burning the woods that a great many have decided that it is eaten out and never can be restored. Consequently there are some who will vote for no fence thinking that a pasture is the only chance. Now, let me give you my honest opinion. If the people would keep fire out of the woods, in course of time the range in our country would be as it once was. Some will no doubt say how's that? We leave to burn the woods to keep them open. Kill out the undergrowth and let the grass grow, which is all bosh. Every sprout that is killed by burning there will come in from one to a dozen in its place. You ever notice that? To create a soil and make vegetation grow it must have the benefit of all leaves and rotten vegetation to remain on the land instead of having fire set out as soon as the leaves fall and every thing consumed. When this is done the first big rain that comes every thing even the ashes, are swept off, leaving the ground bare, and this rule has been kept up until nothing scarcely will grow except broom sage, and in places that is scarce. In the mountains where they have a good mast, acorns and chestnuts in abundance there would be plenty of these preserved until spring following if the leaves were left for protection. So you see burning the woods destroys the hogs chances for a living as well as the cattle.

Yes, I am opposed to the stock law in our hills. While it no doubt suits some few, the greatest number would be hurt. As you have truthfully said, there are lots of children in our country that can have milk and butter now that will soon forget how it tastes after we get a stock law. But I say, let the majority rule, but I must say that I don't they will rule wisely in all cases. A SUBSCRIBER.

The house voted to pay Spain \$20,000,000 last week.

A remarkable marriage took place at Franklin, Pa., a few days since, the groom being John D. Clews, aged 102, and the bride, Mrs. Sarah Jennings, aged 100.

The only two prisoners in Rabon county jail made their escape the other night by boring through the wall with a bit and making sufficient holes for them to escape.

According to the figures given by Gen. Otis, our losses in the Philippine war number only 66 killed and 262 wounded. About 700 Filipinos have been slain, 2,000 wounded and 500 prisoners taken by our troops.

At Waters, Michigan, the mercury registered 58 degrees below zero on Saturday 18th. Waters is a lumber town in Otsego county. The workmen barely managed to escape from freezing by keeping up huge bonfires at various points in the camps.

There is a little negro boy in Jasper who is so cross-eyed that he can stand flat-footed and look at the back of his head.—Jasper Herald. There is one in Flowery Branch who is so cross-eyed that when he cries the tears drop off behind his ears.—Flowery Branch Journal. Humph! There is one in Milton, county who is so cross-eyed that he has to turn around to see how to button his galluses in front.—Alpharetta Free Press. There is a fellow in Dahlonega so cross-eyed that when he goes to see his girl she has to sit on first one of his knees and then the other so he can get a good look at her.

The young editor of the Signal remarked in the wind up of an article last week about the editor of the Nugget rejoicing over the result of the stock law election for this district like we used to over the alliance. No, no. There is no comparison between the two. The opposers of the alliance then didn't propose to take the milk and butter from little children's mouths. This infernal stock law does. We had a just cause for rejoicing. We are opposed to such unjust laws first, last and all the time. And again, we do not hesitate to express our opinion on an important question like this. We do not get up on the fence and hitch the seat of our pants to a nail and hang there until Captain Dick, or Colonel Tom comes along and gives the command instructing us which way to jump.

IS YOUR HAIR TURNING GRAY?

What does your mirror say? Does it tell you of some little streaks of gray? Are you pleased? Do your friends of the same age show this loss of power also?

Just remember that gray hair never becomes darker without help, while dark hair rapidly becomes gray when once the change begins.

AYC'S Hair Vigor

will bring back to your hair the color of youth. It never fails. It is just as sure as that heat melts snow, or that water quenches fire.

It cleanses the scalp also and prevents the formation of dandruff. It feeds and nourishes the bulbs of the hair making them produce a luxuriant growth. It stops the hair from falling out and gives a fine soft finish to the hair as well.

We have a book on the Hair and Scalp which you may obtain free if you do not obtain all the benefits mentioned from the use of the Vigor. Write to the Editor of the Nugget, P. O. Box 100, A. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

BARGAINS BARGAINS BARGAINS.

The Frank W. Hall Mdse Co. Grand Clearing Out Sale.

We are not going to quit business but must make room now for our SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

which we intend to put in. Monday, Jan. 23rd, we will begin this slaughter sale. The following is a sample of prices we will make:

- 500 yds calico worth 5c. now 3 1 2c.
- 500 yds calico worth 5 1 2 now 4c.
- 500 yds ginghams worth 7 now 4.
- 500 yds 54 inch. Water Proof different patterns, 60 now 40c.
- Fast black Silkotine worth 20 now 15.
- Best grades black Sateen worth 20 now 15c.
- Good quality Sateen worth 10 now 7 1 2c.
- All wool Brocades worth 17 now 12 1 2c.
- Mohair Brocades worth 20 now 13 1 2c.
- Nice line Percales worth 10 now 7 1 2c.
- Assorted lot of Table Linin 30 to 60c.
- Full line best dress (Plaid) 8 to 15c.
- Good quality white 10-4 Blanks \$1.00 per pair.
- Gray Blankets 90c per pair.
- Good quality Ticking 9c.
- Best quality Ticking A. C. A. 12 1 2c.
- Gents all wool Shirts 40c to \$1.
- Nice line Ladies and Gents' underwear including full Union suits at prices that will astonish you.
- Complete line Gents' furnishing goods cheap.
- 50 suits fall and winter, clothing at and below cost. A big bargain in these.
- Large line of hats at a sacrifice.

We make a specialty of MINING SUPPLIES. Our stock of Family and Fancy Groceries is complete. We solicit your patronage and ask your inspection. Respectfully,

The Frank W. Hall Mdse Co.



GO TO GOODMAN McGUIRES FOR COFFINS, CASKETS,

And Coffin Supplies.

All sizes and prices on hand at the Goodman Hughes Corner, Dahlonega.

Also All Kinds of GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Sept 2 '98

BARGAIN STORE

J. F. MOORE

Is Still Headquarters For

DRY GOODS, SHOES

"Bread is the Staff of Life" Groceries.

THEREFORE HAVE IT GOOD.

Hardware, Mining Supplies, Hats.

Always Reliable

CLOTHING AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

You will find it to your interest to come and examine goods and prices before making purchases. Respectfully,

J. F. MOORE

Copeland will pay you the highest market price for barter.

We buy all our ground peas in another market when a sufficient supply could be raised right here at home.

Hall Mds Co. are selling goods cheaper than the cheapest. Go and see for yourself how cheap they are selling.

A. W. Clements, of Cane Creek district, caught three wild turkeys in a pen one day last week. He is opposed to the stock law is why he is being blessed in such a manner.

We regret to learn of the death of Mrs. Fannie Chester, which occurred in Nimbleshill district on Friday last. She was the wife of Uncle Jess Chester, who is known and loved by every citizen of Lumpkin county.

The town council is speaking of revising the town ordinances and having them published. This is a good idea for there has been so many changes made within the past few years that it is a hard matter for any one to know exactly what is law.

L. A. Stowers, of Dawson county, spent several hours in Dahlonega last Monday and while here had his name added to the subscription list of the NUGGET—of course paying in advance for you never saw a Stowers but what he was a prosperous farmer and had plenty of money.

Everybody is searching for something. If you are looking for a place where you can supply your demands in groceries that are always fresh and kept in the neatest shape, call on Copeland. He will serve you in a polite gentlemanly manner and give you prices that are always right.

It seems that several of the boys had a lively time up at Lindy Butlers the other night—Tom Duckett, John Duckett and James Hall being concerned. Tom is charged with an assault with intent to murder while the others are of a lighter degree. Sheriff Davis has been out in search of the parties but has not succeeded yet in capturing them.

We understand that some colored boys who went up about Shotgun Walkers Saturday from Dahlonega had unusually bad luck. They run his cat and killed it near the house, as has been their custom here in Dahlonega. Shotgun killed one of their dogs, wounded another and knocked a negro down with his gun. Either white or black have no right to kill a man's cat and he served them right.

Our special friend Bony Tank was up from Auraria last Monday, who made his annual contribution of a dollar to the NUGGET. Bony said that he had been in favor of the stock law until recently. His wife was opposed to it and when she saw an article in this paper against it she would place it in front of her husband and tell him to read the truth. He did and was converted.

Poor Uncle Allen Myers, one of the best old negroes in the county, is recovering from a severe attack of the grip. Uncle Allen was very much opposed to the stock law but was unable to get out. He was offered all the liquor he could drink, a two-acre pasture for his cow and a free ride to town in a buggy by an anti fence man if he would vote for the stock law. Uncle Allen declined all this.

Even some of Uncle Sam's men are here looking after the mines. One by the name of Devine of the 2nd Ohio has been at Park Street Inn for several days, the object of whose visit is to investigate the mines to some extent. All are extended a hearty welcome. Come and see for yourselves and be convinced that we have a large territory that will pay the investor better than any other business if properly worked.

Mrs. D. M. Edwards is on a visit to Atlanta.

See the stove and pot ware at Hall Mds Co.

See the clothing and hats at Hall Mds Co. Go and see their bargains.

Senator Underwood is down again this week from Cleveland on business.

Solicitor General Charters goes to Clayton where court convenes next week.

Finest hams and breakfast bacon and best patent flour at Hall Mds Co.

The price of meal has advanced in the Dahlonega market 10 cents. It now retails at 70 cents per bushel.

Sarah Lowery, a good old colored woman residing a few miles from town, died latter part of last week aged 75 or 80.

The workmen at the Burnside seem to be lucky in finding silver while engaged in repairing this old building. They found four ten cent pieces Tuesday bearing date of 1841.

There is no better section in the world than Lumpkin county for the production of onions, but still we are now eating this product which is shipped from Atlanta, costing us two dollars per bushel. Farmers, do not let this occur another year.

Larkin Anderson and his son of Lumpkin county, were bound over by Com. Baker Monday charged with being interested or connected with the still which was destroyed over in Martin's Ford district, causing so many to get into trouble.

M. G. Head, after a suspension of work repairing the Burnside for more than a week on account of the extreme cold weather, again has the hammer and saw in motion and it will not be many weeks before this hotel will be opened out by Squire Allen.

James Elliott, who is engaged in mining up in White county, was in Dahlonega latter part of last week coughing and sneezing, with his head and ears all tied up, trying to get rid of Mr. Grip. Jim is a practical miner of much experience who certainly understands his business.

Prices of our talking. A few nice barrel fasciotters 25c. A few dozen barrels carpet tacks 2c per barrel. A nice line of gent's linen collars 10 and 12 cents. Celuloid collars 8 and 9 cents. Good shoes for men and women cheap. 4 qt. coffee pots 11c. 8 quart tin buckets 11c. Glassware cheap. Ink 8c.

B. R. MEADERS & SON.

A fellow who used to be a minister, supposed some years ago to be a good man, was heard cursing his wife the other day, telling her that she had brought ruin and disgrace on the family by encouraging and giving her girls too much latitude. Who knows but what the wife is of a similar disposition to old Mrs. Nobles? We should not be too hasty in censuring a man until we have good reasons for doing so. Some women can make it a hell on earth for their husbands whenever they take a notion.

The contract for the building of Davis' bridge was awarded last week by the ordinary to the same old company which constructed the Beardsens and New Bridge, to be built of iron, for the sum of \$703.00, which means that this company will build this bridge at their leisure time and Judge Tate will get the contract for delivering the material at a "fancy price." A. F. McDonald proposed both while sober and drinking, that he would repair the old one for \$50.00 and insure it for ten years. The ordinary said he couldn't do it. Possibly he might not have done so and made any clear money, but he should have had an opportunity. As it is the money goes to Virginia and no one gets any of it except the ordinary—that is judging from the past. The lowest bid for a wooden bridge was \$406.50.

Where did you buy so much for so little? Hall Mds Co. Follow the people and you will land there.

You can get either the Atlanta Journal or Constitution and the NUGGET twelve months for \$1.75. No more, no less.

Col. H. H. Dean, of Gainesville, is here investigating the titles to some lands to be purchased by an Atlanta syndicate.

The editor of the NUGGET is on the road to success. He received a half pint tin cup by mail Wednesday.

It is rumored that the council is going to pass an ordinance requiring our citizens to keep up their cows during winter.

Highest market price paid for country produce at Hall Mds Co. Take your corn and fodder there and secure some of their good bargains.

R. S. Crutcher, a furniture dealer of Atlanta, spent several days in Dahlonega this week. He came with the intention of entering his little son in college but didn't want him to drill and both returned home.

Nez Stephens and Cornelius Goodluck were up before Mayor Price Tuesday charged with fighting. Nez was discharged and Goodluck was sentenced to pay a fine of \$2 and trimmings or in default work ten days on the streets.

The other day a farmer came to town with a load of meal and was offered 50 cents per bushel by all the merchants. One offered extra inducement however and got the meal. He offered the farmer five cents worth of tobacco extra. This merchant got the meal.

B. B. Edwards of Davis district was in town the other day who informed us that he had been taking ten papers and had stopped them all except the NUGGET. This proves that the NUGGET is a welcome fire side visitor by Uncle Joe, as well as hundreds of others.

T. W. Cavender, who has been residing up in the neighborhood of Halfway for a year or two, left for the West last Monday afternoon. He is a brother of Dr. A. J. Cavender, and is a man who is highly respected and has many friends, not only in the community where he lives, but all over the country. He is a good citizen and we regret his loss.

Our old friend Virge Moose got a little mad at the result of the stock law election and told us Friday that we need not send him the NUGGET any longer. The following day, after considering the matter, he too decided that it was best to remember the poor and the needy, wiped out all bitter feeling and came in and handed us a piece of silver and told us to continue his paper. This will enable us to remember him in our prayers in the proper manner.

Old Uncle Magness, of Nimbleshill district had bad luck the other day. He came to town after his pension check well loaded with mountain dew. After receiving his "reward for being in the army," and returning home with a lot of different articles he got out down at Cane Creek bridge to arrange things in the wagon and drove off leaving a box in the road containing shoes and many other things, which he never thought of until he reached home. He returned the next day but the box was gone.

It is a frequent occurrence for men and their wives to fall out and ask the courts for a divorce. There is too much of it and we believe pretty strongly in South Carolina's plan—not granting any divorces. If this was the law of Georgia we would not see so many married men becoming displeased with the Lords manner of finishing them up, causing them to use dyes and try to present a handsome appearance in order to catch some fair ones eye. Neither would dissatisfied wives rig up, like one did Tuesday, and make a circle over town trying to catch a beau.

A very desirable home for sale cheap, easy payment. Call at Hall Mds Co.

You will find an interesting story written expressly for this paper on the first page of this issue.

The gardening for February didn't take place in this section according to the directions of the almanac.

It will be seen by an ordinance elsewhere that our town fathers have fixed the street tax at \$3.00, same as last year, and property tax at 40 cents on the hundred.

G. H. McGuire, the jeweler, does not expect to confine himself strictly to this business alone for a livelihood but is going to add a nice of groceries. Look out for prices next week.

Rev. D. M. Edwards, who had curiosity to know whether merchants had to pay a tax for dealing in leaf tobacco, wrote to the department and found out that they do. Merchants had better take warning and govern themselves accordingly.

The junior editor of the Signal seems to be surprised at hearing of hogs being pastured causing him to hoot at the idea of such a thing after seeing an account of it in the NUGGET. If the young man gets much greener he will have to be put in a lot to keep him from getting to the grass.

Dr. Moody used to say when people would remark that poor men ought to economize, "How in the hell can a poor man economize when he's got nothing to economize on?" When told that the poor man now ought to make him a pasture for his cow the reply might be the same, how in the devil can a poor man make a pasture when he owns no land?

There was one man and his wife that failed to agree on the stock law election which occurred here last week. She favored the fence and her husband opposed it. At last the wife told her husband that he could just use his own pleasure, but gave him to understand that if he voted for no fence that she would quit him. He didn't vote. Just think of a legislature making a law which causes brothers, fathers and sons and wives and their husbands to fall out. The first man that framed such a law ought to be at the devil with his back broke.

Dawsonville Court adjourned and Solicitor General Charters and the members of our local bar who attended, returned last Friday. Fifteen true bills were returned by the grand jury—some of them being against parties charged with selling liquor—which is something remarkable, for it has been said that blockaders could sell as much liquor as they wanted to and the grand jury would never trouble them. No bill was returned against the negro who attempted to rape Mrs. Sain some time ago, on account of the lady failing to attend court. The reason of her not attending is unknown to us.

Some few people grumble because they have to pay for their county paper in advance as is the case in nearly all business transactions. Even the preacher likes to have his money in advance for preaching. We went down to the Methodist church last Sunday and listened to Presiding Elder Cook preach until noon. Even there they sent around the contribution baskets before the minister began to preach. But we will speak nothing about mere customs and say a few words about the minister and his talk. We never heard a finer or more practical sermon come from the lips of man. He left off all flourishes and words of abuse of his fellow man, as is the custom of some preachers, and talked in a plain and earnest manner about the Bible, receiving the closest attention from the youngest to the oldest during his entire discourse. Preacher Cook is an able divine who, we earnestly believe, means every word he says in the interest of the cause of religion and we are proud to have the citizenship of such a good man in our town.

Bound Over For Burglary.

As stated in last weeks paper the house of Dan Wilson, of Auraria district had been broken open and a number of things had been taken therefrom and that Scott Chapman and John Buffington had been arrested charged with the offense. They were tried Thursday of last week before Justice Worley. Buffington was acquitted and Chapman bound over and sent to jail in default of a three hundred dollar bond. During the trial one of the defendants told that John Elrod, of Dawson county, was concerned in the burglary. A warrant was issued and he was soon arrested by sheriff Davis. The testimony against him was very strong and he too was bound over and both of the defendants are now in jail where they will likely remain until court.

No doubt these defendants will be sent to the chain gang as it was proven that Elrod swapped a coat belonging to Wilson for a pistol and some of the stolen articles were found at Chappmans house. Besides this one of the defendants wives were one of the stolen dresses the other day while visiting her husband in jail. So claimed by the prosecutor and recognized by the owner.

The burglars seemed to make a clean sweep of things and no doubt would have taken the dish rag could they have found it. The articles taken were a tin bucket, suit of clothes worth \$6.00, 45 cents worth of meal, one razor worth 50 cents, 1 pair scissors worth 25 cents, 1 lb. coffee worth 12 1/2 cents, some female wearing garments worth 50 cents, table cloth worth 35 cents, 1 pair towels worth 10 cents, meat worth 50 cents, 1 peck of dried beans worth 25 cents, 1 peck of peas worth 10 cents, 1 little mug worth 10 cents, and sewing thread worth 10 cents.

The boys will, if convicted, go up for several years to the penitentiary.

Letter From Cuba.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, FEB. 12, 1899.

Ed. NUGGET:—If you will allow me I will write a few lines for the readers of your paper. It is so warm that I will be brief.

Well we are still in the miserable place called Santiago. Not fighting Spaniards but fighting fever and chills. This is a terrible place. I want to tell you all if you can't speak Spanish you are not in it, and more than that I wish I was not in it. I mean Cuba. It would not be so hurtful if a man could have his health. But oh this fever. I can see the boys joking and having a nice time one hour and the next we will have to carry them to the hospital on stretchers, and I have been taken over a few times myself. Though it is a beautiful country to look at if you don't look too long.

The thing that grieves me most is that I can't see no nice young American ladies. I went aboard the transport at Port Tampa Aug. 21st, last year, and I have not had the pleasure of seeing an American lady since.

We have a lot of guard duty to perform, making it hard on us to have to be up so much in the night and the sun is so warm in the day, but we are expecting 500 men from Ft. McPherson this week which will give us much relief.

We have lost several Lumpkin county boys here, among them being John Bryson, a special friend of mine who I miss very much. He was a brave soldier and a good boy.

Well I will say this to the boys of Lumpkin, never come to Cuba, and as soon as my time is out I will return to her old red hills and be content digging gold.

W. H. DUNCAN.

All kinds of farming tools at G. McGuire's. Also fresh garden seeds.

Don't be too stingy to subscribe for the NUGGET. Get one of your own and quit borrowing your neighbors.

Organize a New Lodge.

Grand High Priest H. C. Burr, of Griffin, assisted by J. E. Redwine and J. D. Bagwell, of Gainesville, organized a lodge of Royal Arch Masons in Dahlonega this week consisting of 22 charter members with the following officers.

H. D. Gurley, H. P. J. M. Brookshire, K. J. H. Moore, S. M. G. Head, Treas. H. C. Wheelch, C. of H. R. H. Baker, P. S. B. P. Gaillard, R. A. C. D. M. Edwards, M. 1st W. V. O. Palmour, M. 2nd V. F. L. Reese, M. 3rd V. E. H. Cook, Chap. E. W. Strickland, S.

MR. EDITOR:—

Please publish the following:

ADVICE TO YOUNG LADIES.
Young ladies shut a drunken man. While yet you may, while yet you can, For if you wed a sullish bloot— On sorrow's sea you'll surely float.
You'd better live a single life Than ever be a drunkard's wife. His marriage vows he'll compromise. And all your pledged love despise.
You'd better light a drunken beau Than live a life of wretched woe. For better 'tis and old maid to be Than live in rags and misery.
To-day there's many noble wives Who're pinioned down by whisky givies, Within their hearts have often prayed: I would with father I had stayed.

Resolutions.

We, the joint committee appointed from the Woman's Foreign Missionary and Pansophic Aid Societies of the M. E. Church South of this place, to draft appropriate resolutions on the death of our dear sister and collaborer, Mrs. A. G. Wimpy, ask leave to submit the following: Whereas on the 7th day of January, 1899, God in His providence saw fit to take from us this beloved member of our circle, therefore be it resolved,

1st. That in her departure we feel that we have lost one to whom we looked for counsel and guidance in all matters pertaining to the welfare of these societies, and for the upbuilding of every enterprise for the advancement of the cause of Christ in this community and elsewhere.

2nd. That we tender the bereaved relatives our earnest and affectionate sympathy in these hours of sore distress and that a copy of these resolutions be given the Dahlonega papers for publication, and that a blank page on the Recording Secretary's book of each society be set apart as sacred to her memory, inscribed with the date of her birth and death.

3rd. That while we cannot hope to fill her place, we can all strive to emulate her example of energy, unselfishness, charity and unostentatious duty.
4th. That in bidding adieu to this one we love and admire so much, though it is with aching hearts, we do so in full expectation of meeting her "Beyond the changing scenes of Time" and renewing again the friendship begun in the world. Till then, we all, tenderly, lovingly say farewell.

MRS. MATTIE GAILLARD,
MRS. E. W. STRICKLAND,
MRS. H. D. GURLEY,
MRS. FANNIE BAKER,

Committee.
Dahlonega, Ga., Jan. 30th, 1899.

An Ordinance.

To raise supplies for the support of the town of Dahlonega, Ga. for the year 1899.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and the Council of the town of Dahlonega, That the following sums and amounts are hereby levied and ordered to be collected in manner and form as hereinafter described for the support of the town, and to pay the interest on the school bonds of said town, and to pay such bond or bonds as may fall due in the year 1899.

1. That is to say the sum of forty cents on each and every one hundred dollars of the assessed value of all the real and personal property in said town.

2. Also the sum of three dollars on each and every male inhabitant of said town liable under the laws of this state, to perform road duty, which said tax is a commutation tax for road work, but which may be discharged in actual performance of said labor by persons so liable under the control and management of the marshal of said town and the street committee.

3. Also the sum of fifty cents for each and every male dog, and the sum of two dollars for every female dog owned or kept by any person living within the corporate limits of the town. And the owners of said dogs are required to return and register said dogs to the marshal of the town before the first day of March next, otherwise the ordinance of said town respecting dogs will be enforced.

4. It is further ordained, That the ordinance heretofore in force, respecting the license on shows, exhibitions, are hereby continued of force.

5. The taxes above levied on real and personal property are due and payable, one-half by or before the 1st day of June next and the remaining half on or before the first day of November next.

6. It is further ordained, That the taxes on real and personal property shall be paid to and collected by the treasurer of said town, and the commutation tax and all tax on dogs and shows and exhibitions shall be paid and collected by the town marshal who shall account to the treasurer for the same. Done and ratified by the town council on the 20th day of Feb. 1899.

W. P. PRICE, Mayor.
WM. J. WORLEY, Sec'y.

